



Maria Schreiber, M. Sc.

SweetSynteny

Unraveling Microsynteny Patterns

40th TBI Winterseminar in Bled, 2025

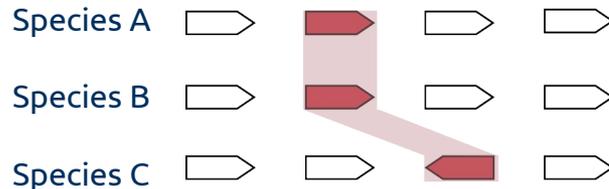
Definitions of synteny

Microsynteny

Conservation of gene order and orientation within a small genomic region.

Local

Preservation of gene clusters

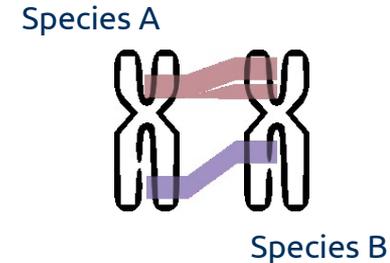


Macrosynteny

Conservation of gene order and orientation across large chromosomal segments or even entire chromosomes.

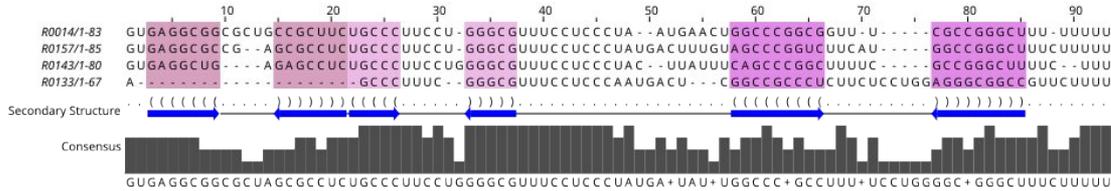
Global

Preservation of chromosomal segments



Why microsynteny?

Characterization of sibling sRNAs in *Caulobacter crescentus*

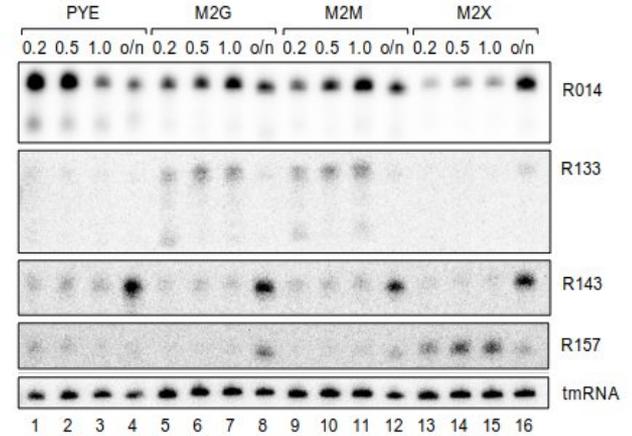
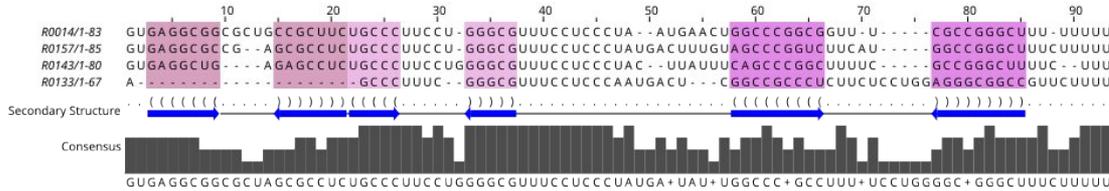


Dr. Kathrin Fröhlich
Junior Research Group
Bacterial RNA Biology



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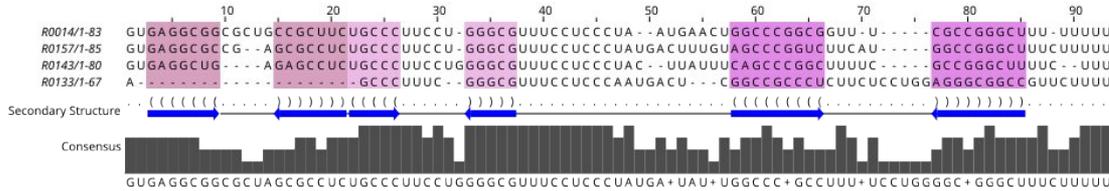
Northern blot analysis of *C. crescentus* wildtype grown in PYE, M2G (0.2% glucose), M2M (0.3% maltose), or M2X (0.2% xylose). Samples were taken at OD660 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, and overnight. Probes: R014, R133, R143, R157, loading control: tmRNA.

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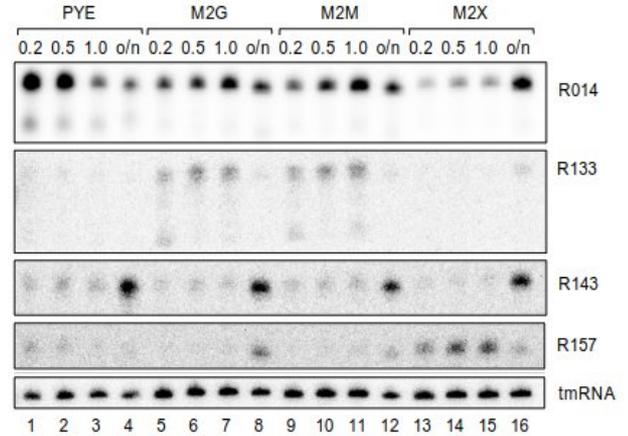
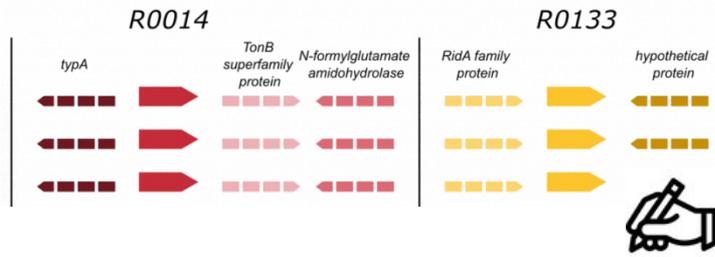
Why microsynteny?

Characterization of sibling sRNAs in *Caulobacter crescentus*



Microsynteny

- Caulobacter vibrioides* NA1000
- C. crescentus* CB15
- C. vibrioides* CB1



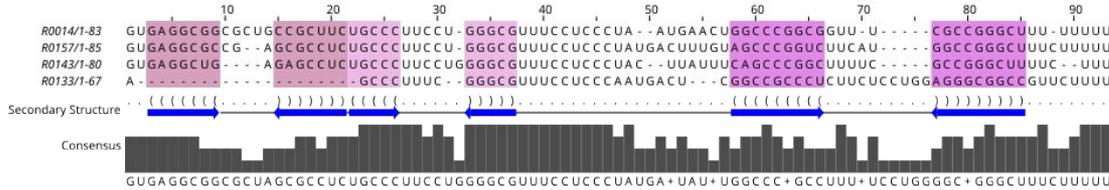
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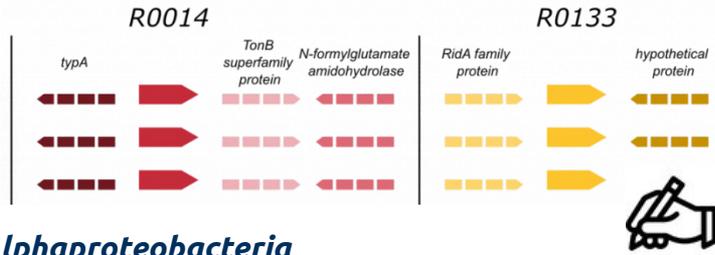
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Characterization of sibling sRNAs in *Caulobacter crescentus*

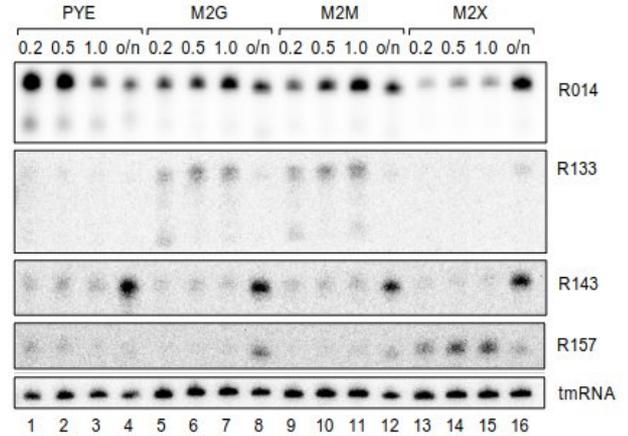


Microsynteny

- Caulobacter vibrioides* NA1000
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NOW: **Alphaproteobacteria**
 Only reference genomes: #3097



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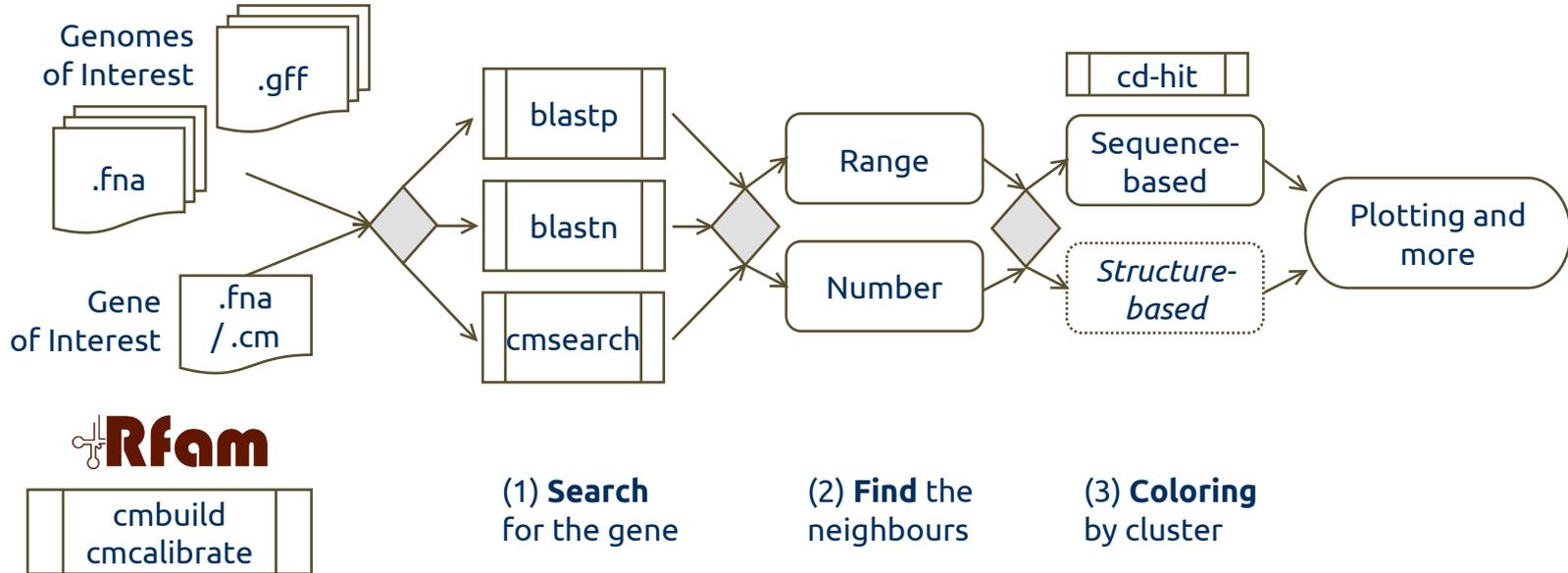
What is out there?

	Tool	Why not?
Web-based tools	MicroSyn	Hmm. We're having trouble finding that site
	SimpleSynteny	max 10 genomes with 1-10 contigs per file, no .svg
	Synteny Portal	pre defined species, no bacteria
	GeCoViz	only proteins
	genomicus	only 200 species, no bacteria
R package	gggenes, geneviewer, ...	visualisation only
Perl tools	SynBlast	tblastn
	SMORE	repetitive elements, but genomic location figure
Python tools	GCsnap	blastp
	clinker	no search, protein level

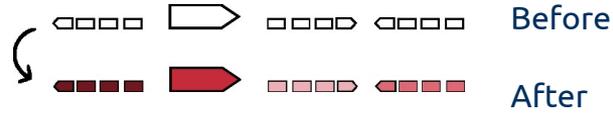
Pipeline.nf overview



Tom Eulenfeld
PostDoc Programmer



Coloring by cluster



Coding RNA

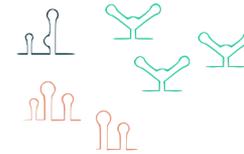
Sequence-based approach

Non coding RNA

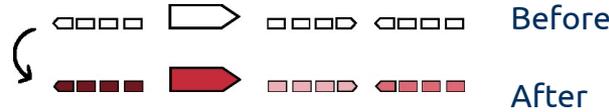
Sequence-based approach

(vs)

Structure-based approach



Coloring by cluster



Coding RNA

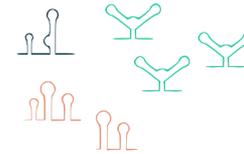
Sequence-based approach

Non coding RNA

Sequence-based approach

(vs)

Structure-based approach



Idea: (1) RNAclust
(2) GraphClust
(3) cmscan

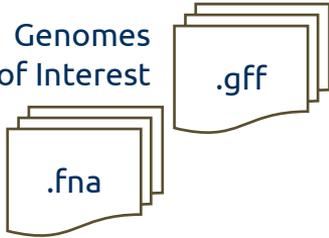


#target name	...	E-value	inc	description of target
suhB	...	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-11}$!	Makes More Granules Regulator RNA (mmgR)
anti-hemB	...	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-05}$!	Burkholderia RNA 7



Results for *Alphaproteobacteria*

Genomes
of Interest



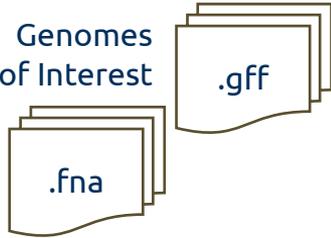
Wolbachia	273
Sphingomonas	162
Rhizobium	91
Paracoccus	81
Bradyrhizobium	81
...	...
Caulobacter	12
...	...
Salinhabitans	1
Gimibacter	1
Aestuariibius	1
Aquidulcibacter	1
Chenggangzhangella	1
	#3097

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Gene
of Interest



cmsearch

1786 genomes with 4112
significant* hits
~2.3 siblings per genome
(*E-value < 0.01)

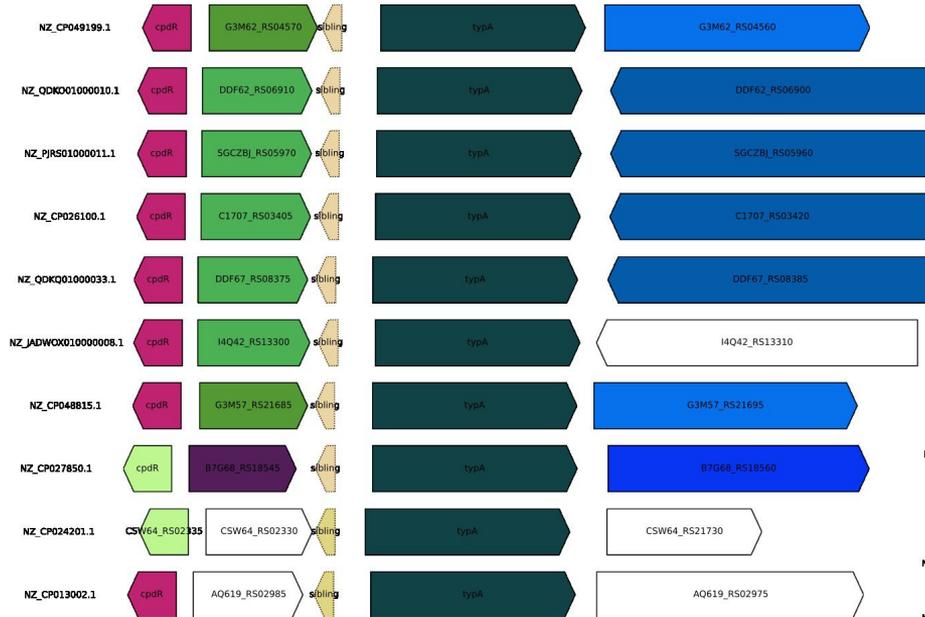
Number
2,2

total seq: 19419
longest and shortest :
7749 and 50 nt

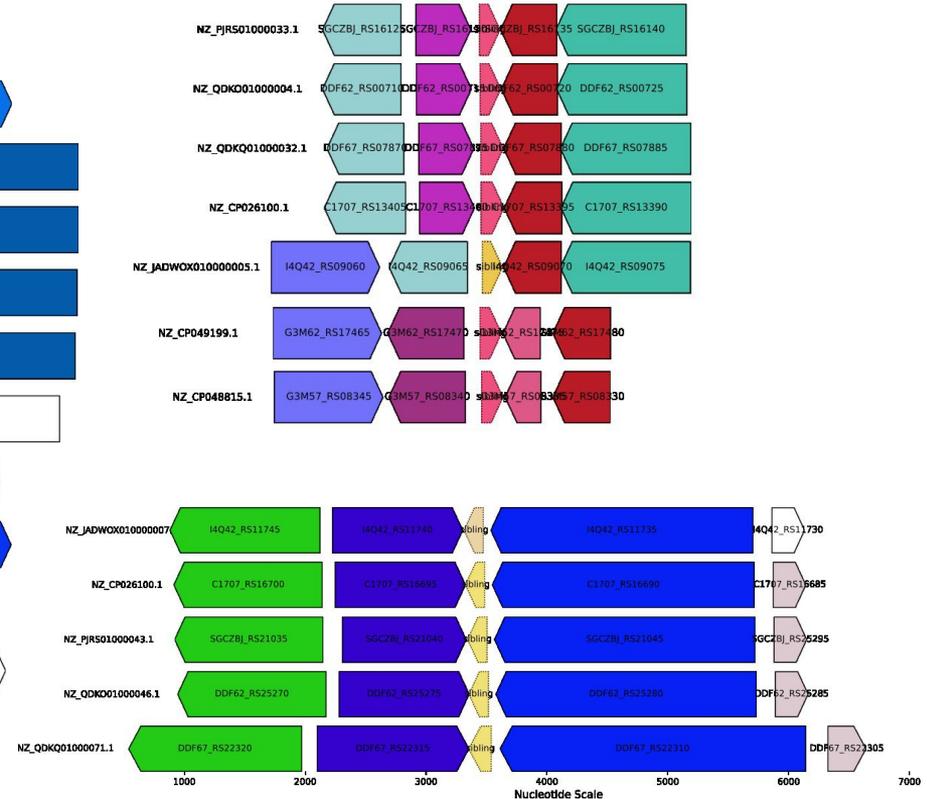
Sequence-
based

9833 #cluster
2139 #cluster
with >1 sequence
Nt similarity > 80%
#284 tRNAs
#4112 siblings

4112 genome context ...



... and so on ...



Limits and outlook

⚡ Annotation / Genome dependency

⚡ CM dependency

[...] More features like phylogenetic tree.

[...] Testing for eukaryotes.

[...] Investigation of microsynteny for toxin-antitoxin systems.

[...] Audience feedback.



So, as you can see, with SweetSynteny,
your synteny analysis will be, well...
sweet!



Thank you for your attention!
Questions?