

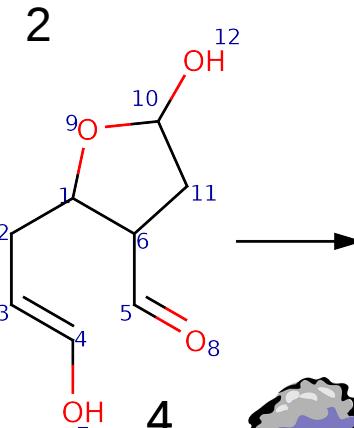
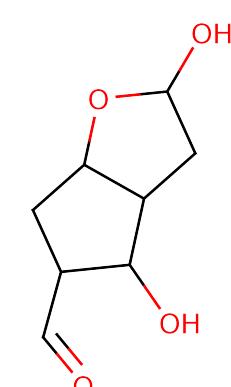
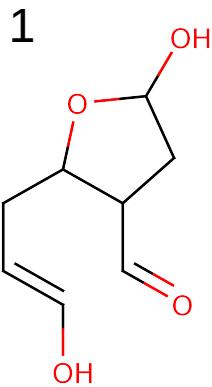
# Working with Chemical Reaction Rules

---

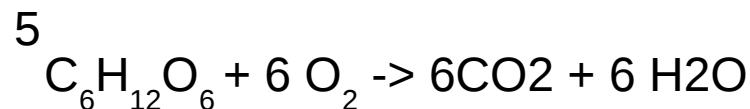
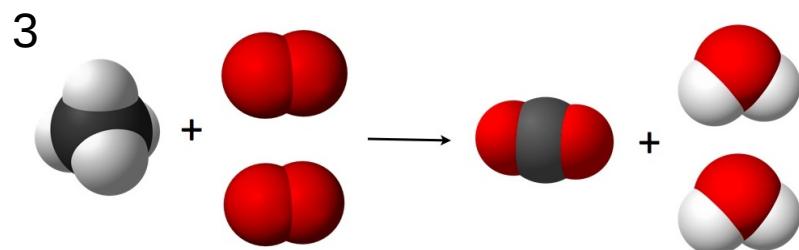
Bernhard Thiel



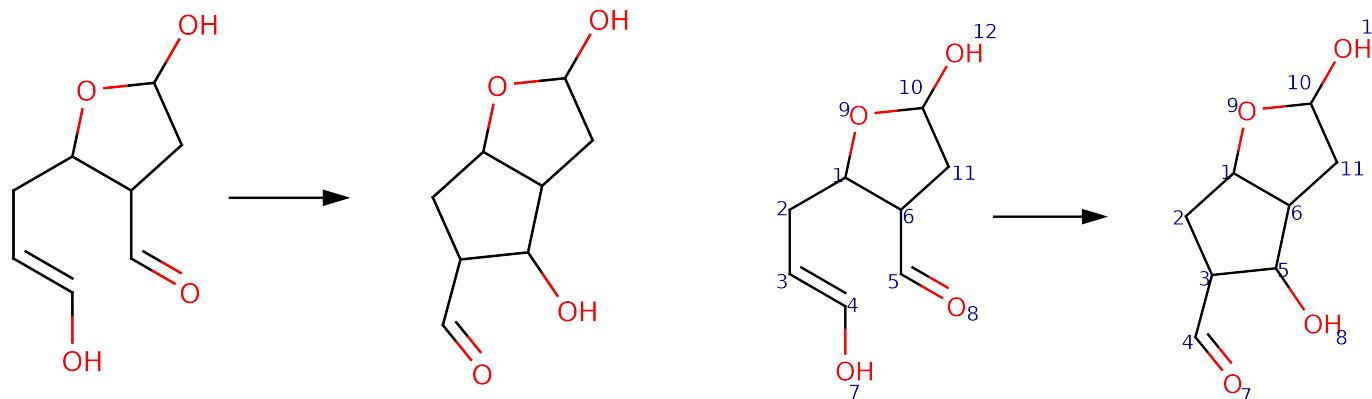
# Reactions



4



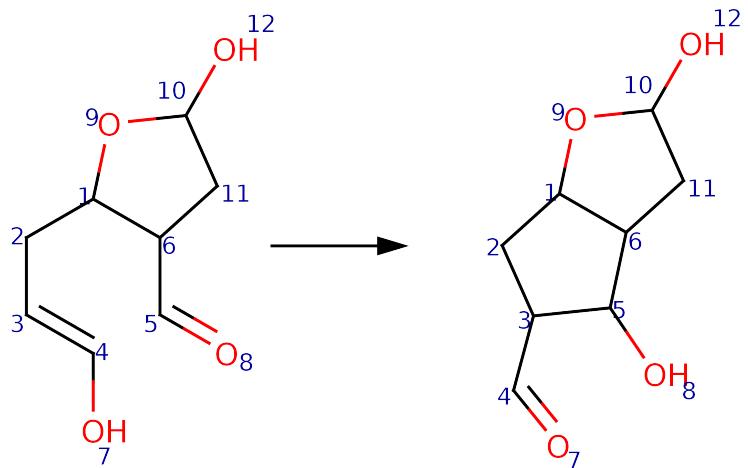
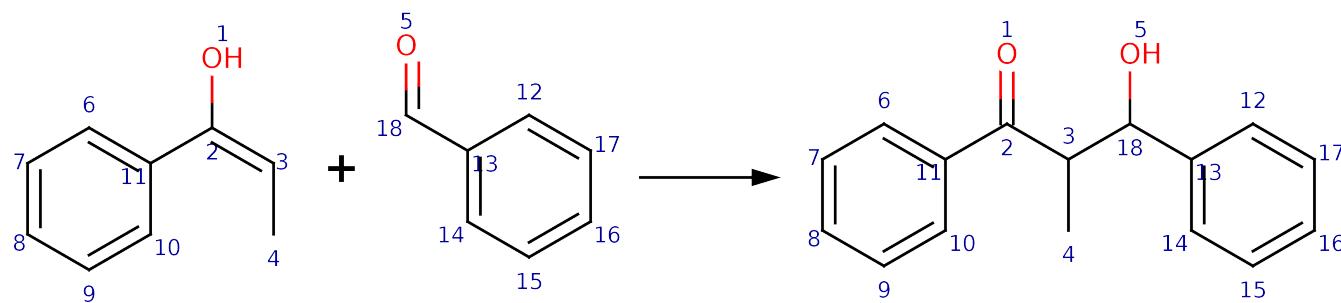
# The atom mapping problem



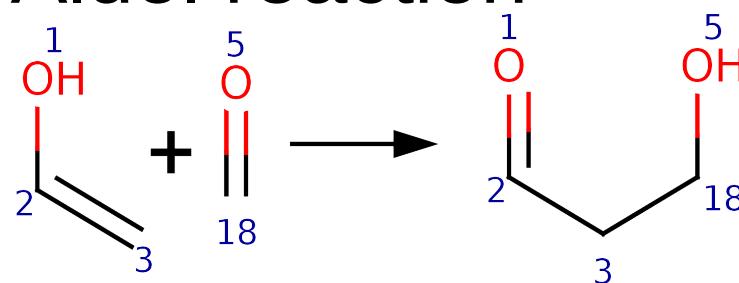
- Minimize # of changed bonds
- Minimize weights of changed bonds
- Find cyclic imaginary transition state
- Find a reaction mechanism



# Reactions & Reaction Rules

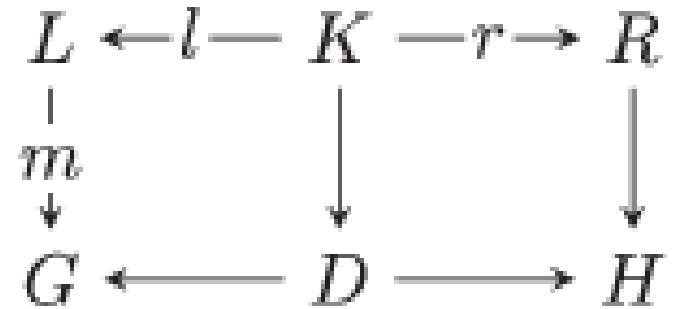


Aldol reaction



# Reaction Rules

- Algorithm in imperative language (1)
  - Concept of functional groups intrinsically present
    - ...D—C—C—W  $\rightarrow$  D=C + C—W
    - ...aldol
    - m8: ..dec 23
    - ..alcohol; ..wgroup; ..at2 tryfgi dec 70
    - ..bond 1 broken
    - ..subt dec 100 if grp2; ..is primary amide
    - ..kill if halide; ..within betato cbn2
- Double push-out formalism
  - Subgraph patterns
  - Automatic generation of rules
  - Functional group completion (2)



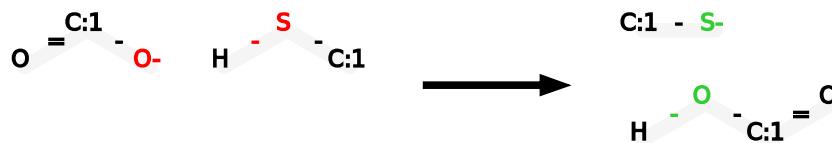
References:

- (1) E.J. Corey et al, J.Am.Chem.Soc. 94, 440–459 (1972), doi:10.1021/ja00757a022
- (2) James Law et al, J.Chem.Inf.Model 49, 593–281 (2009), doi:10.1021/ci800228y
- (3) Jakob L Andersen, J Sys Chem, 2013, 4:4 doi:10.1186/1759-2208-4-4



# The GML Format

- Key-Value Pairs
- Left side graph
- Right side graph

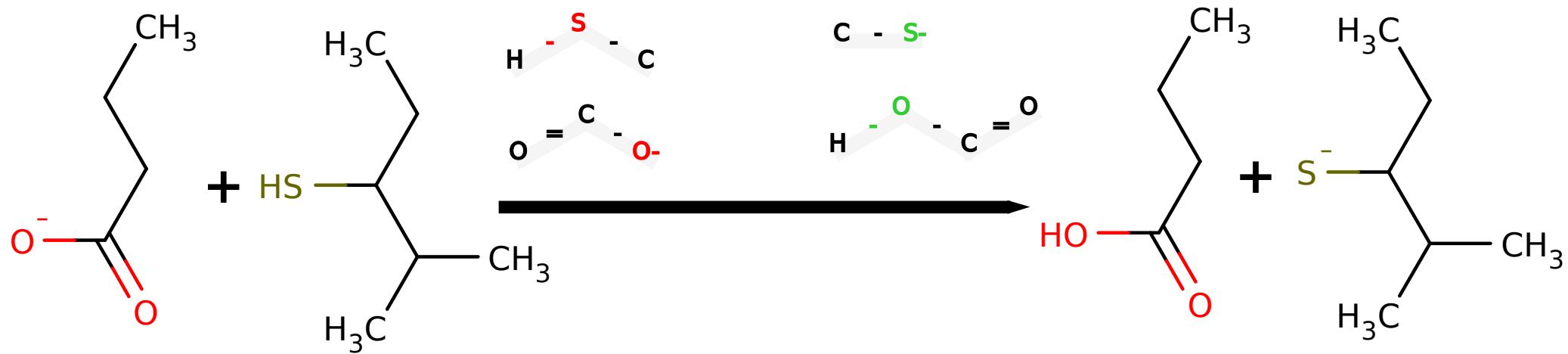


```
rule [
  ruleID "Reaction rule 1"
  left [
    node [ id 3 label "S" ]
    node [ id 2 label "O-" ]
    edge [ source 3 target 4 label "-" ]
  ]
  context [
    node [ id 0 label "C:1" ]
    node [ id 1 label "O" ]
    node [ id 5 label "C:1" ]
    edge [ source 0 target 2 label "-" ]
    edge [ source 3 target 5 label "-" ]
    edge [ source 0 target 1 label "=" ]
    node [ id 4 label "H" ]
  ]
  right [
    node [ id 2 label "O" ]
    node [ id 3 label "S-" ]
    edge [ source 2 target 4 label "-" ]
  ]
]
```



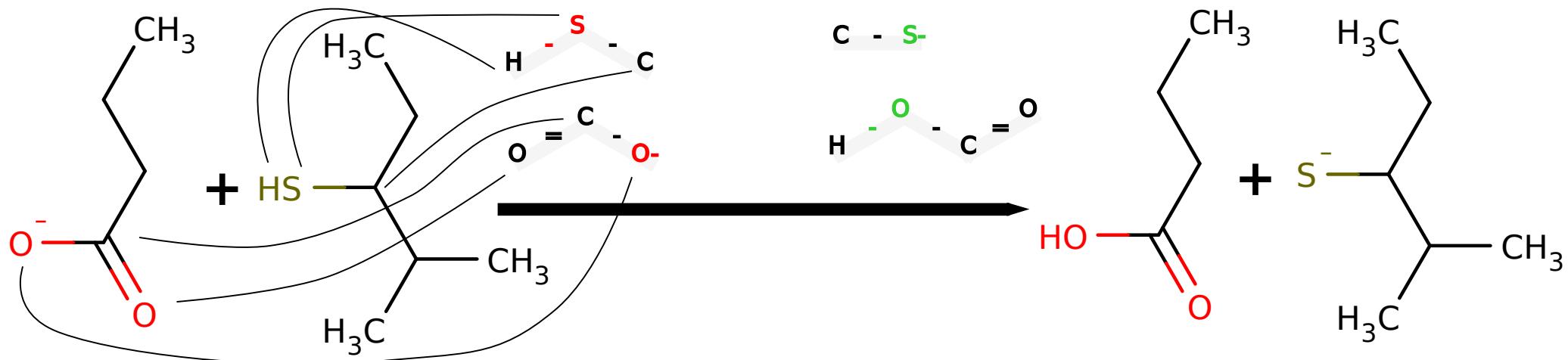
# Rule application

- 1. Find all matches of the left-side pattern on the target molecules (Subgraph isomorphism)
- 2. Replace left side with right-side pattern
- Implemented in: Graph Grammar Library



# Rule application

- 1. Find all matches of the left-side pattern on the target molecules (Subgraph isomorphism)
- 2. Replace left side with right-side pattern
- Implemented in: Graph Grammar Library

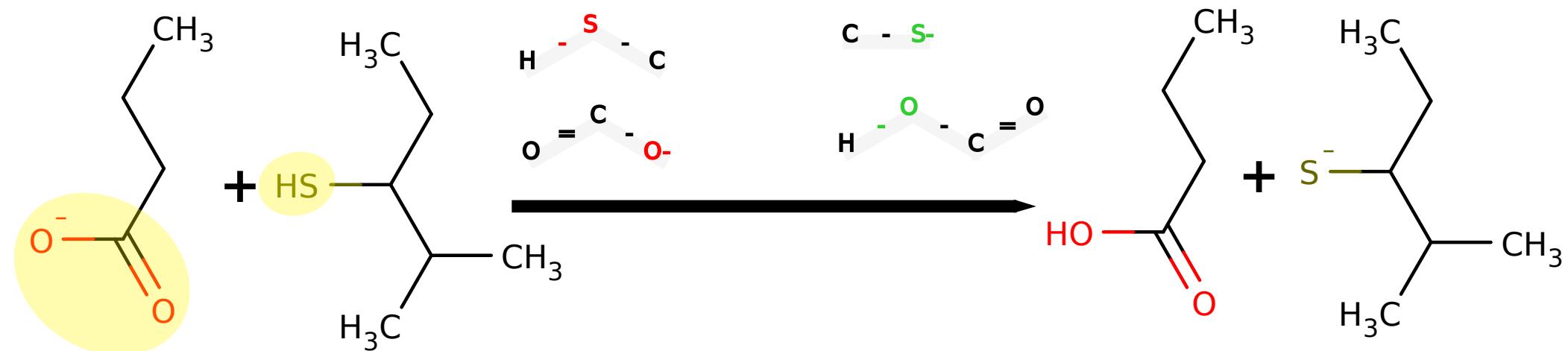


References: (3) Mann et al. in Theory and Practice of Model Transformations, Proc. Of ICMT 2013 (2013), Springer, doi 10.1007/978-3-642-38883-5\_5



# Rule application

- 1. Find all matches of the left-side pattern on the target molecules (Subgraph isomorphism)
- 2. Replace left side with right-side pattern
- Implemented in: Graph Grammar Library

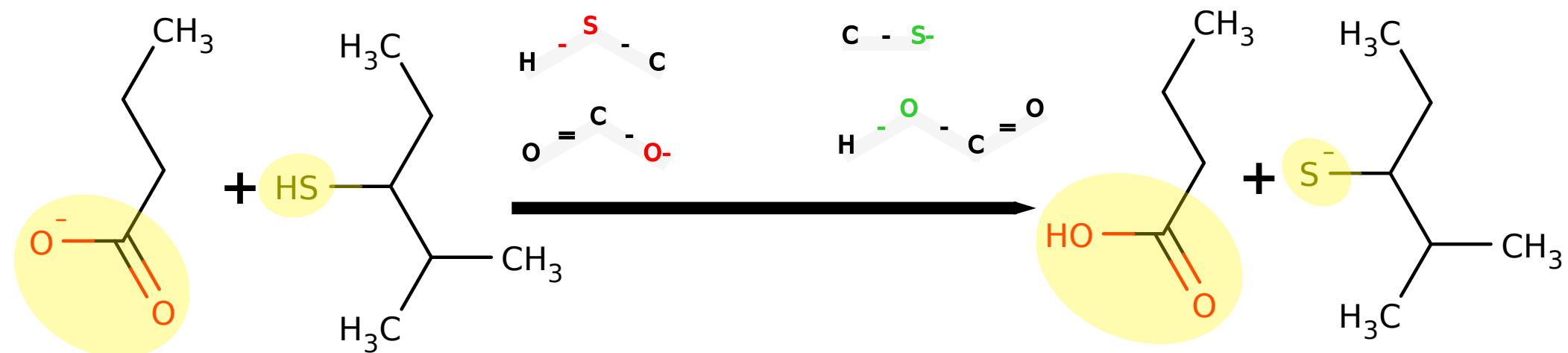


References: (3) Mann et al. in Theory and Practice of Model Transformations, Proc. Of ICMT 2013 (2013), Springer, doi 10.1007/978-3-642-38883-5\_5



# Rule application

- 1. Find all matches of the left-side pattern on the target molecules (Subgraph isomorphism)
- 2. Replace left side with right-side pattern
- Implemented in: Graph Grammar Library

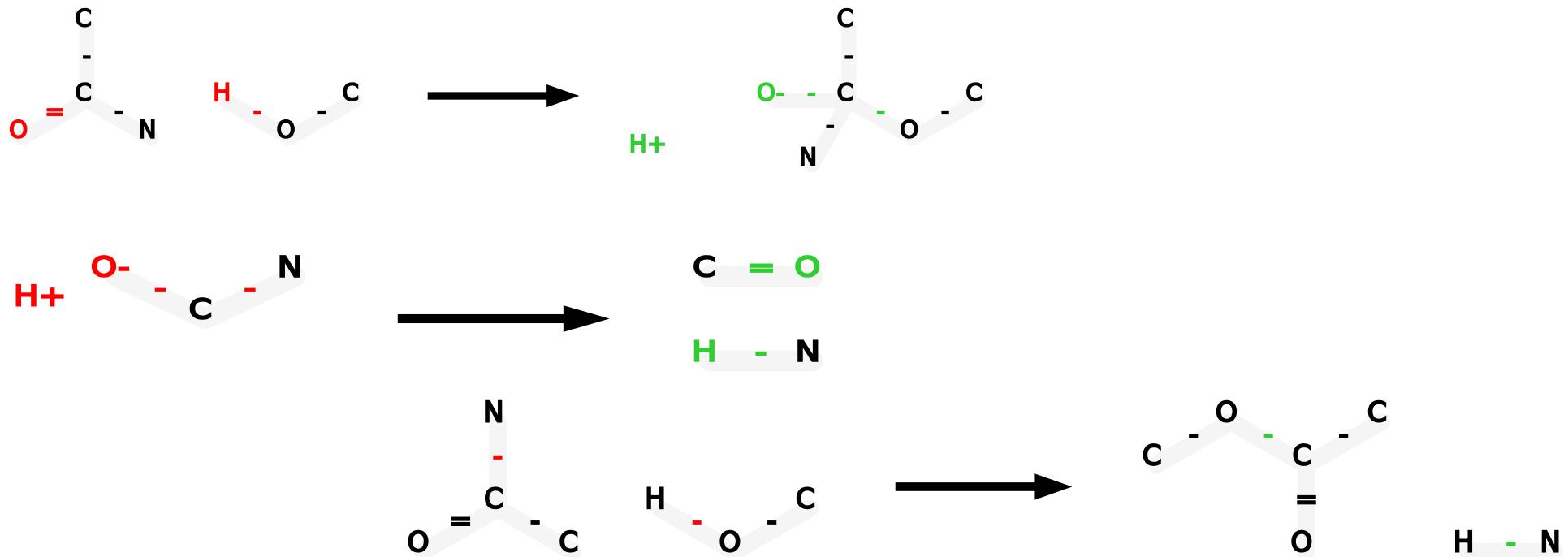


References: Mann et al. in Theory and Practice of Model Transformations, Proc. Of ICMT 2013 (2013), Springer, doi 10.1007/978-3-642-38883-5\_5



# Rule combination

- Rule composition: MedØIDatschgerl
- Make 1 new rule out of two subsequent rules

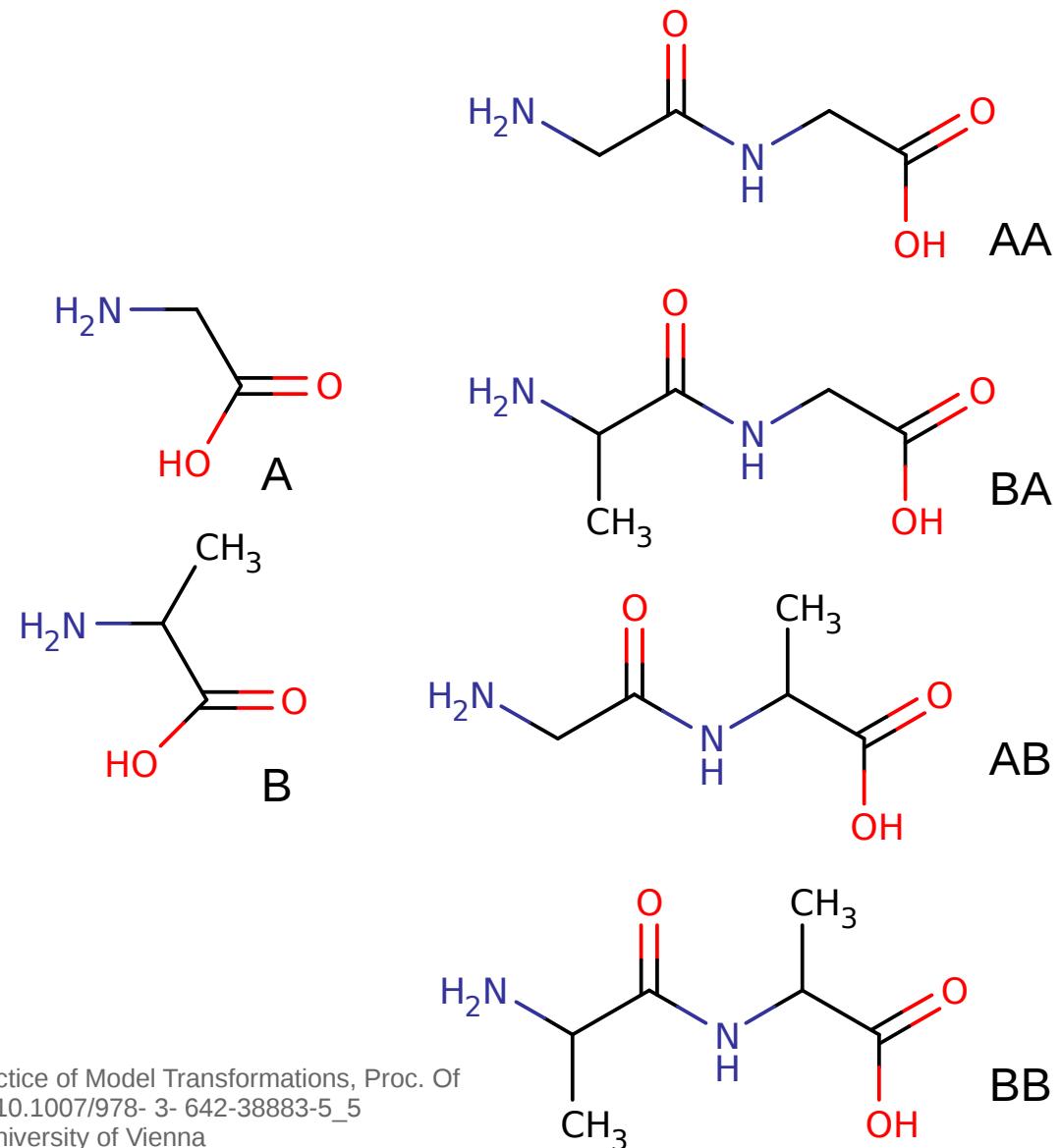


References: Mann et al. in Theory and Practice of Model Transformations, Proc. Of ICMT 2013 (2013), Springer, doi 10.1007/978-3-642-38883-5\_5



# Repeated rule application

- ToyChem
- MechSearch
- MedØIDatschgerl



## References:

- 1) Mann et al. in Theory and Practice of Model Transformations, Proc. Of ICMT 2013 (2013), Springer, doi 10.1007/978-3-642-38883-5\_5
- 2) B. Thiel, Masterthesis 2013 University of Vienna
- 3) Jakob L Andersen, J Sys Chem, 2013, 4:4 doi:10.1186/1759-2208-4-4



# Mini-Project: chemRULER

- Display chemical Rules
  - Uses chemrule2svg.pl by Martin Mann
- Generate chemical rules from reaction files
  - Uses known algorithms, CPLEX and openbabel
- Sanitize chemical rules
- Extract reaction core from chemical Rule
  - Uses known algorithm, Program from my Master thesis
- Compose rules
  - Uses MedØIDatschgerl



# Example Application

- Goal: confirm the mapping from MetaCyc database
- Extract elementary reactions from MACiE database
- Guess a mapping
- Create rules
- Perform breadth first search for mechanism
- Compose rules from resulting reaction path

# Example Application

- Compare composed rule to rule from MetaCyc
  - Graph isomorphism of rules

**Entry M0308 5.3.1.5 xylose isomerase**

Groups > Thornton Group > MACIE > M0308

Step 02

Asp292A deprotonates the water coordinated to the second Mg cofactor (MG399A), forming a hydroxide.

This enzyme has the following catalytic CATH domains:  
3.20.20.150

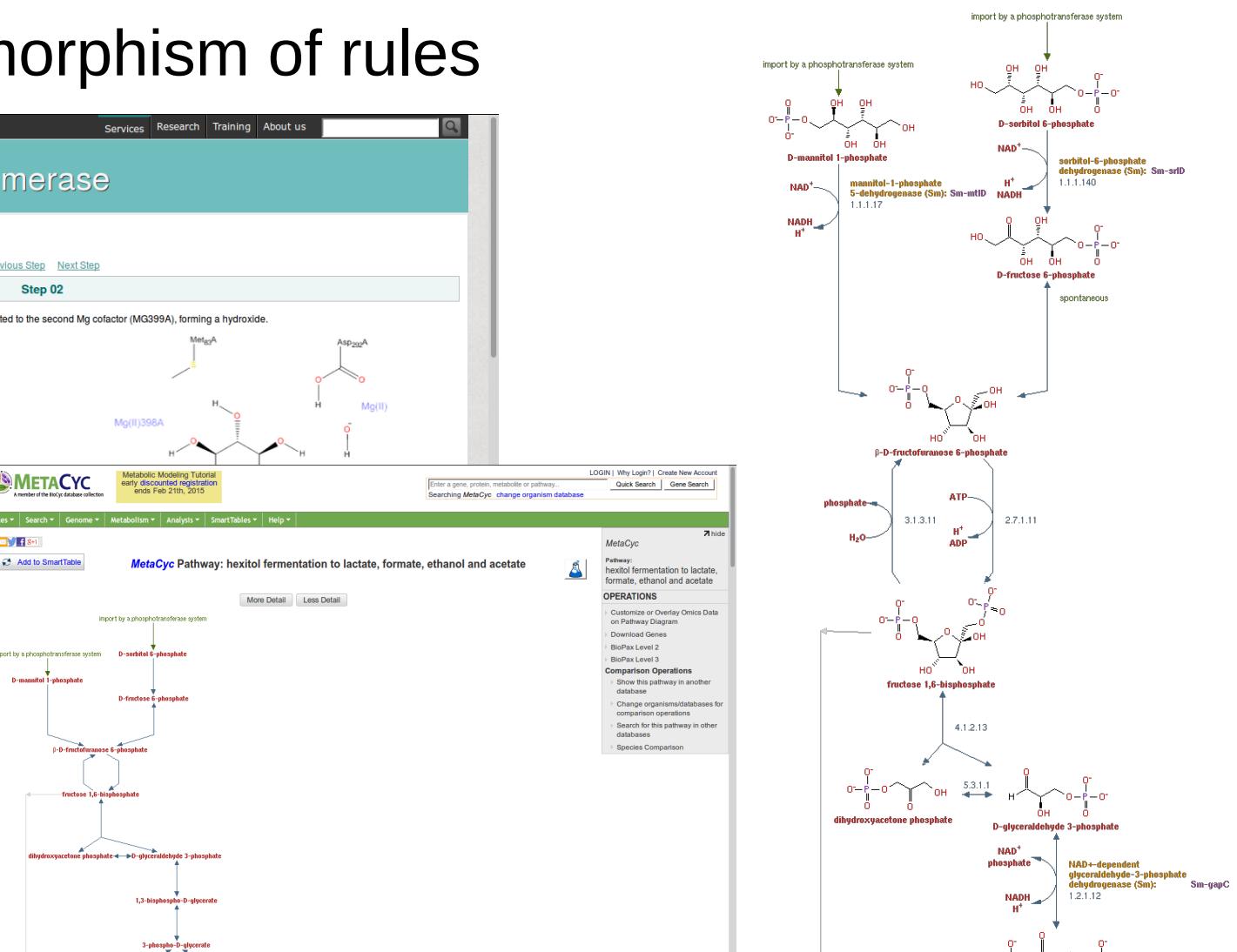
This enzyme has the following CATH domains not annotated as catalytic:  
3.20.20.150

This enzyme has the following catalytic UNIPROT codes:  
P12070

Overview Structural Overview Similar Reactions



universität  
wien



# Homework

TB

What does  
**chemRULER**  
stand for as an acronym?

