



The Emerging Tumor Suppressor RFX7 is a Potential Regulator for Differentiation Therapy in Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Setenay Gupse Özcan

40th TBI Winterseminar | 12.02.2025 | Bled

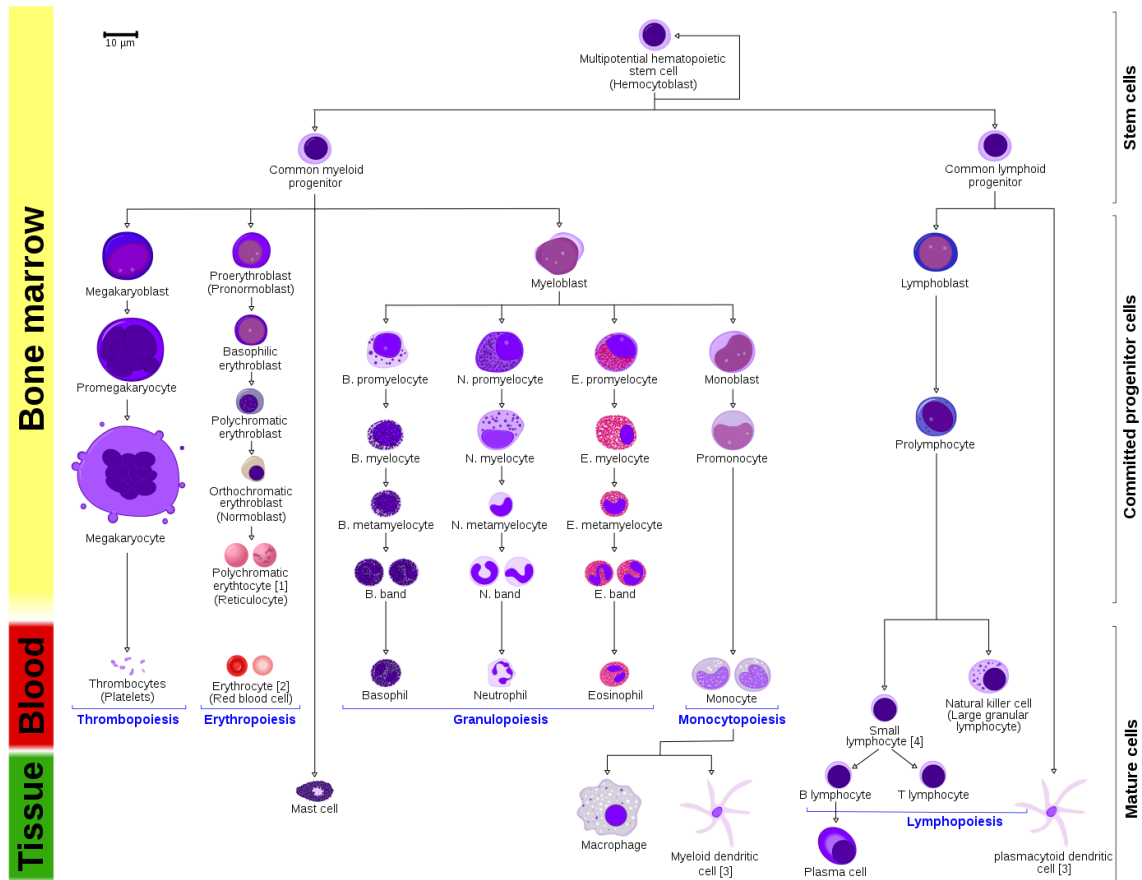
Computational Biology of Aging (**AG Hoffmann**) – Leibniz FLI

Institute of Molecular Cell Biology / Department of Hematology and Medical Oncology - **AG Schenk** - UKJ



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Background: Myeloid Differentiation





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Background: Myeloid Differentiation

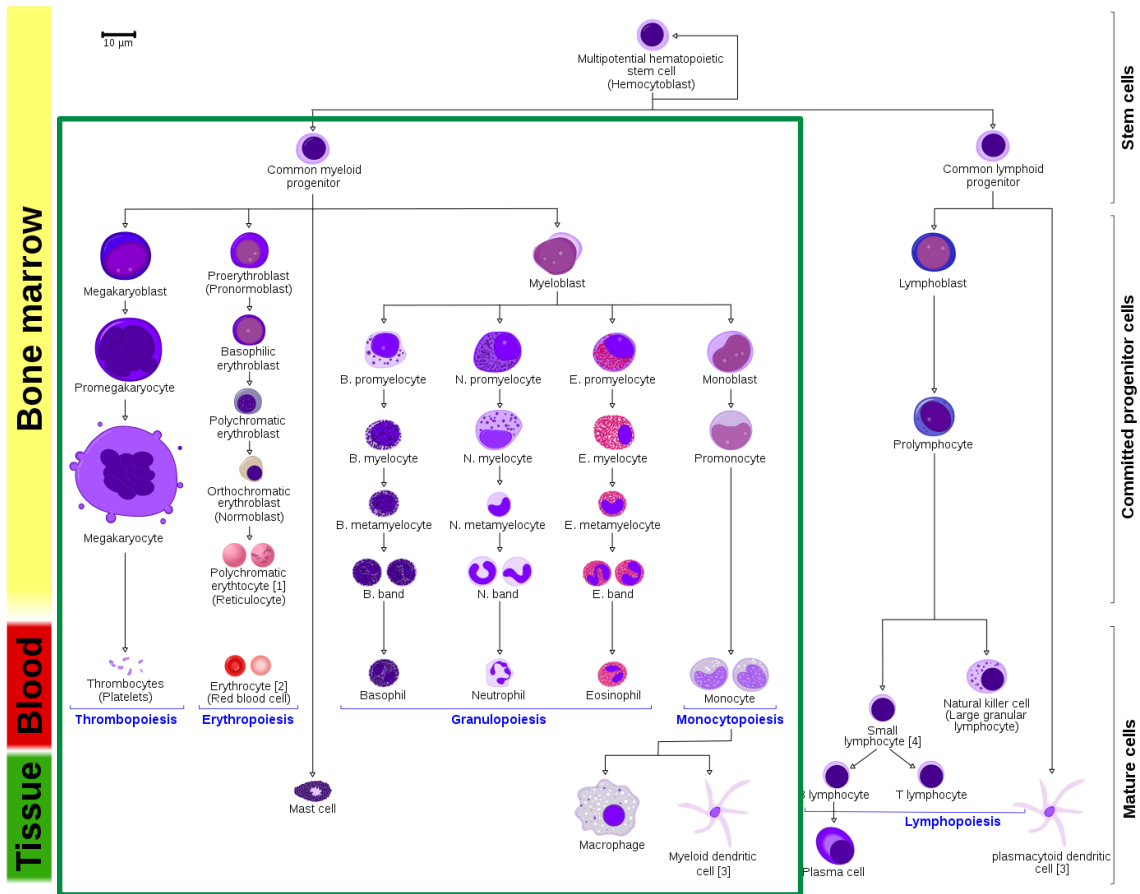
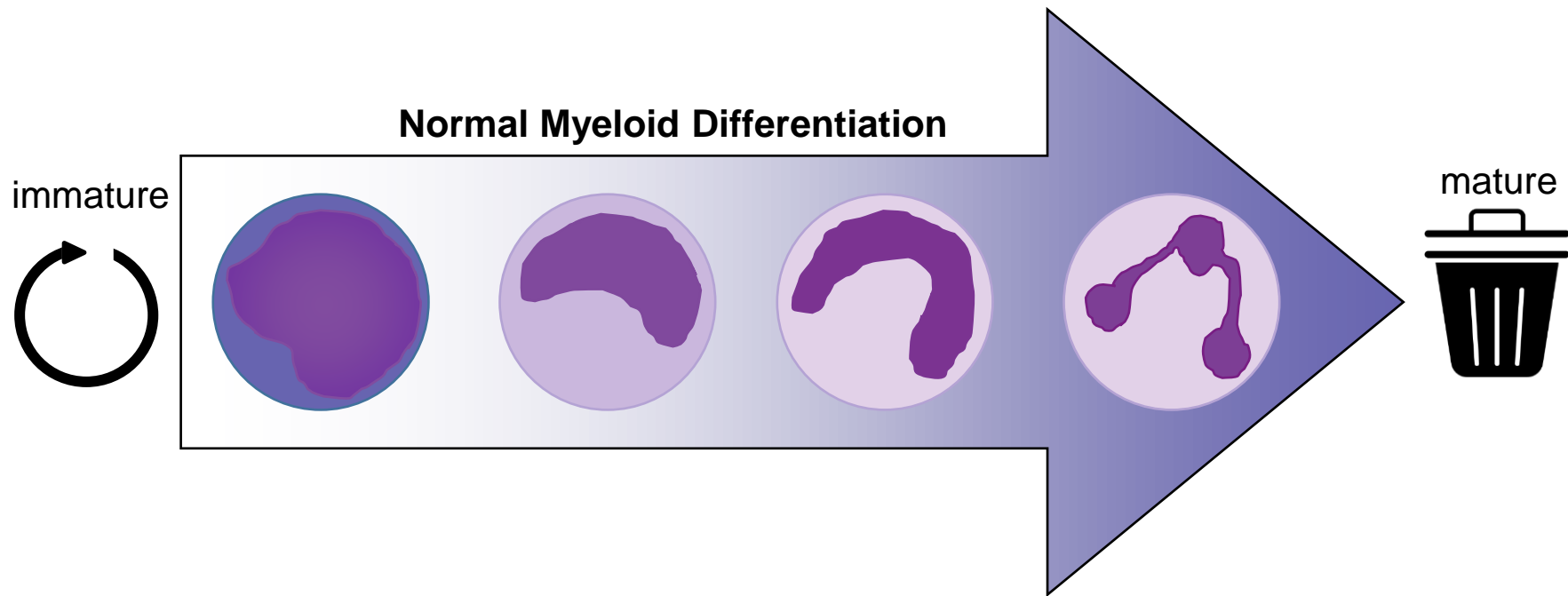


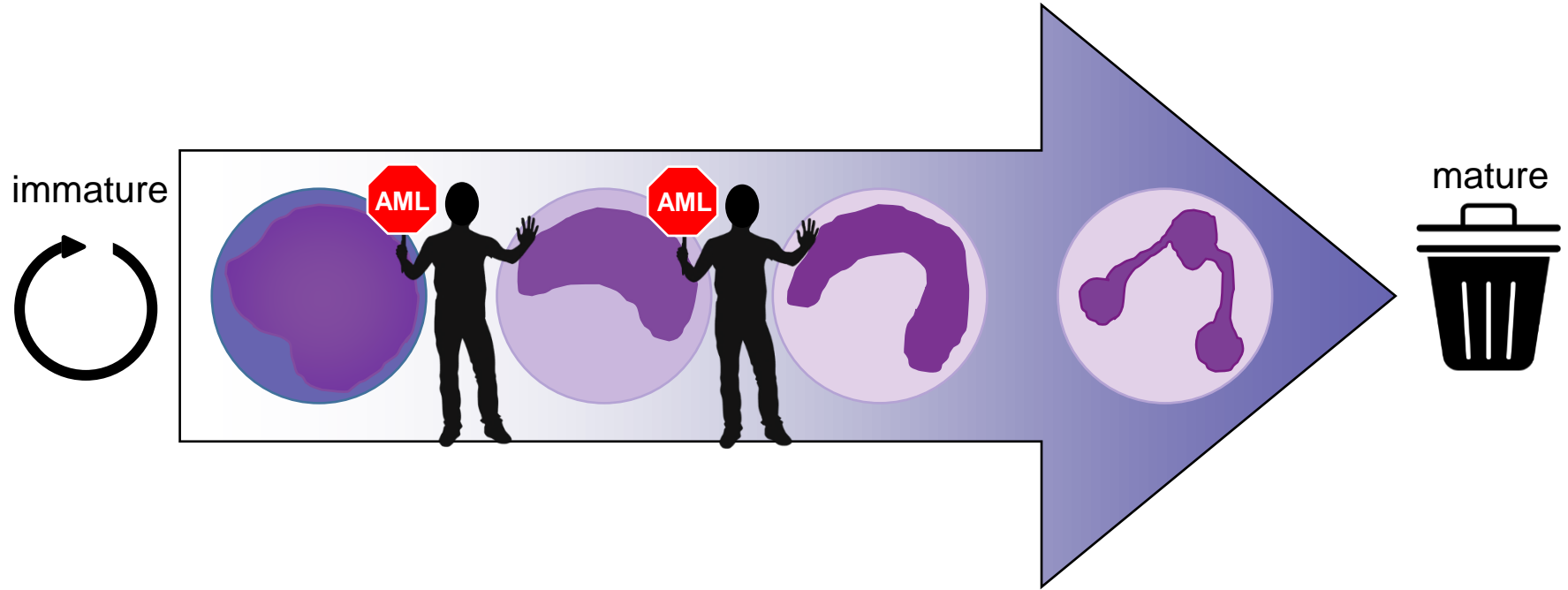
Figure by Rad A.

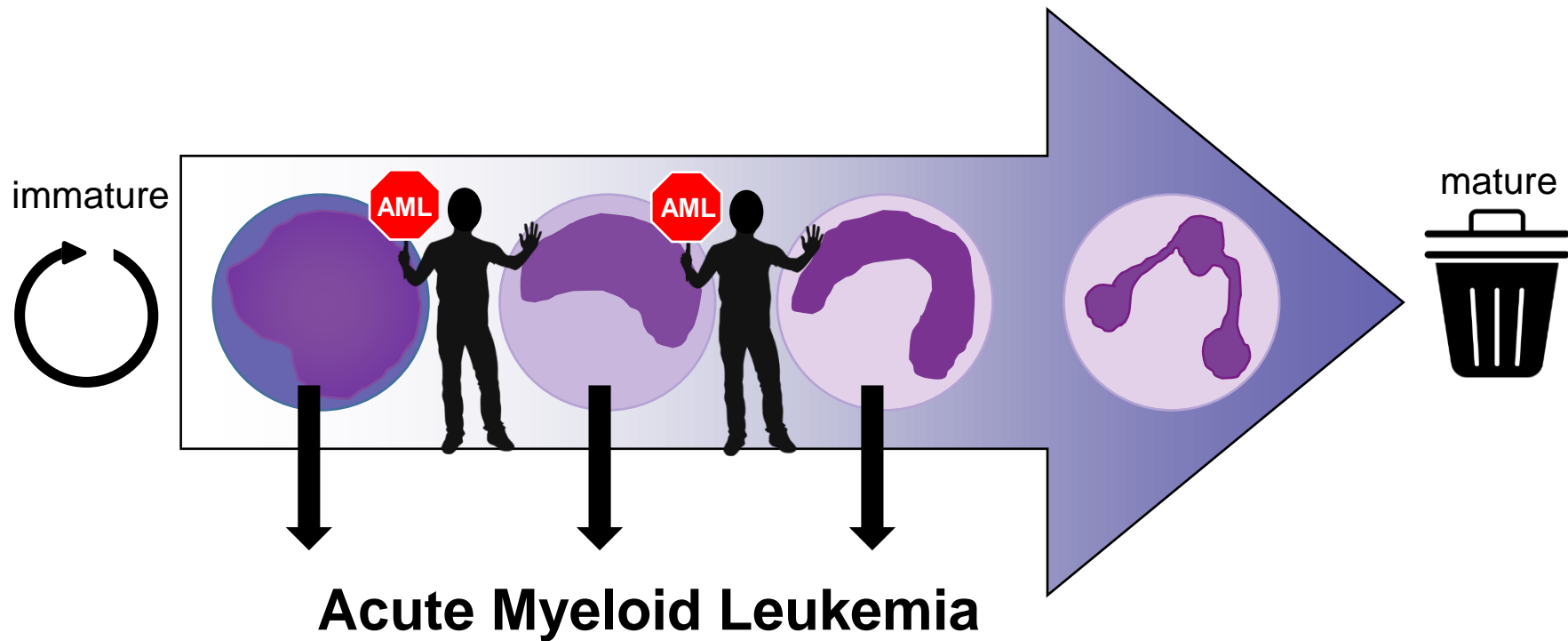


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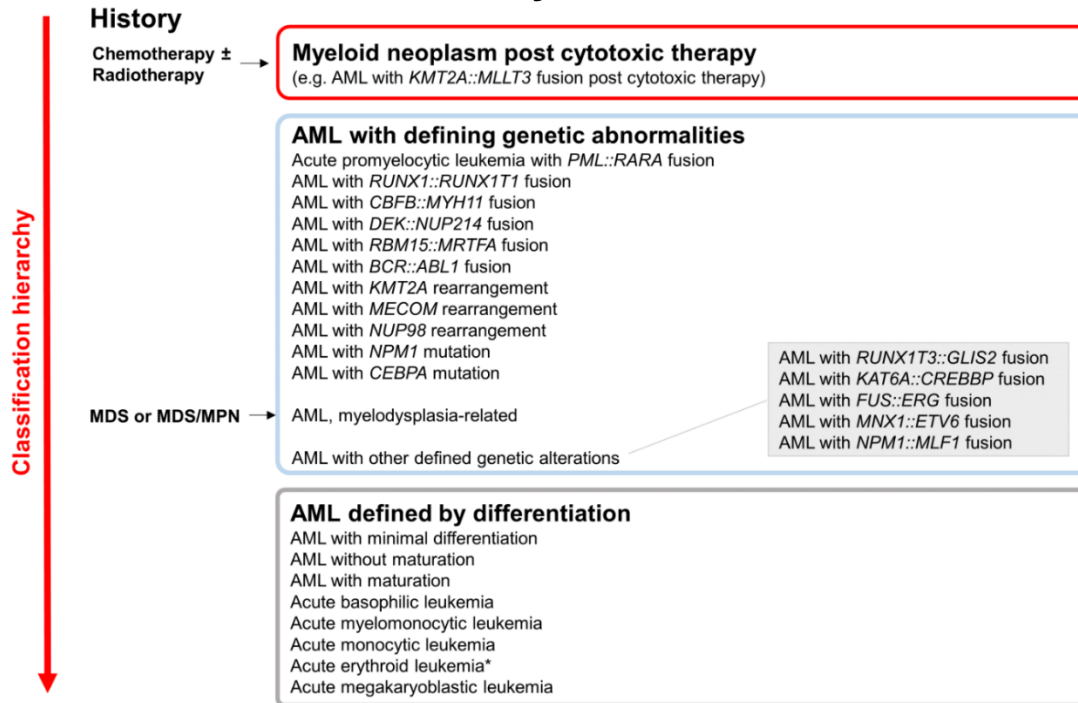
Background: Myeloid Differentiation



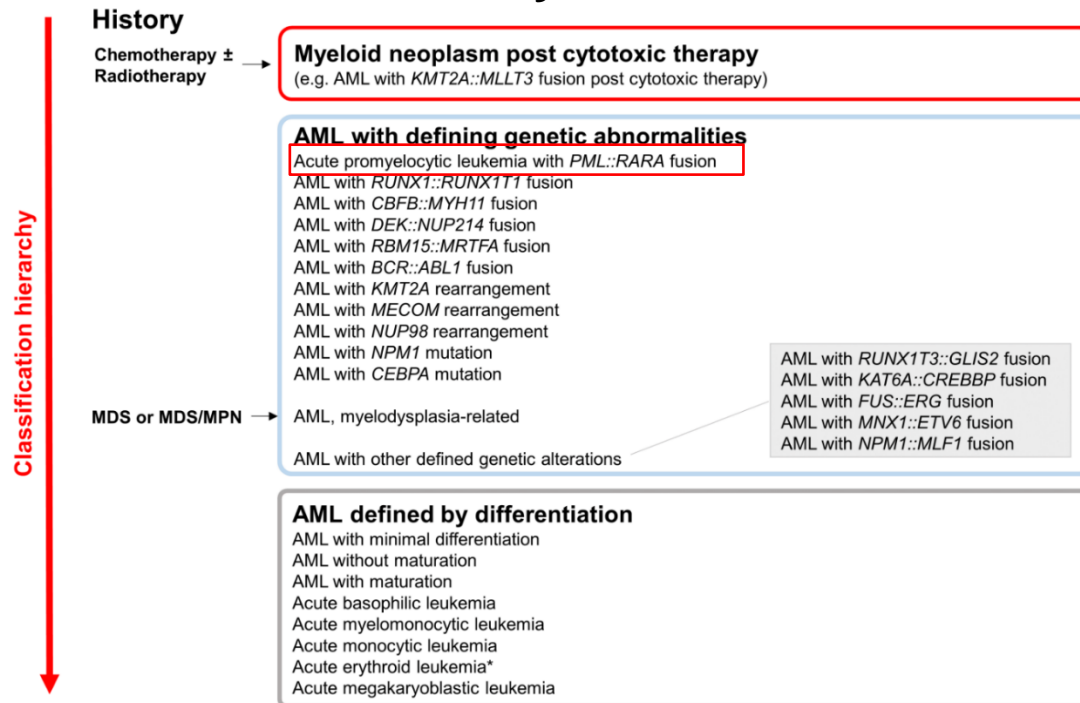




Acute Myeloid Leukemia



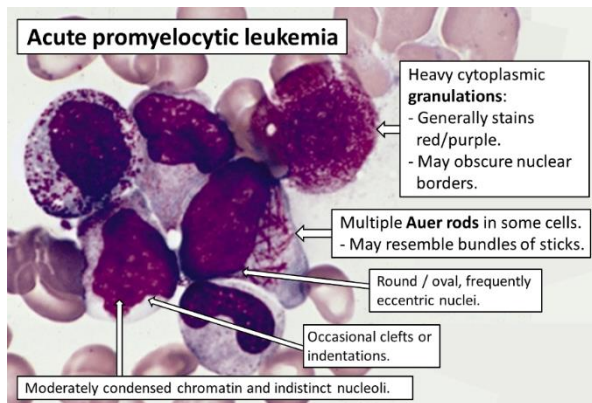
Acute Myeloid Leukemia



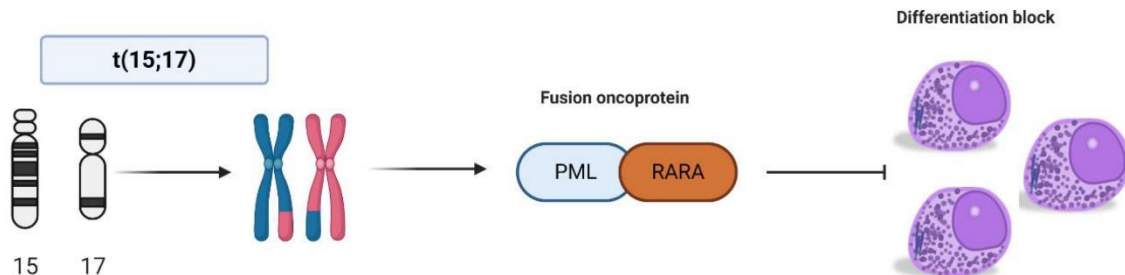


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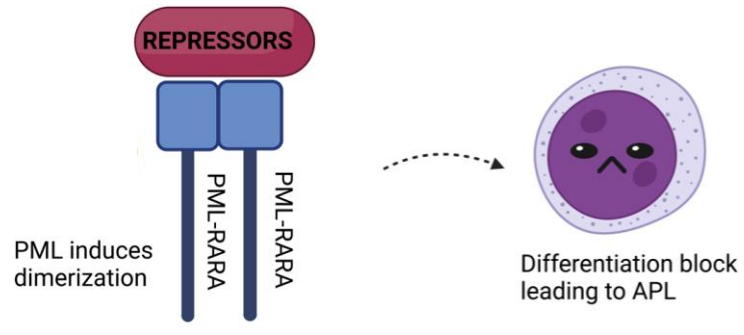
Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia (APL) as a model for differentiation therapy



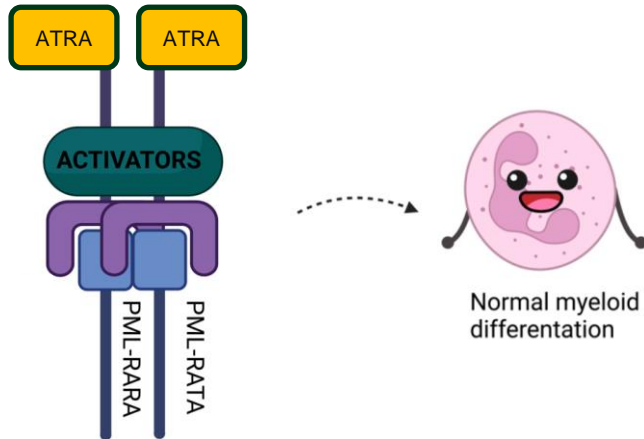
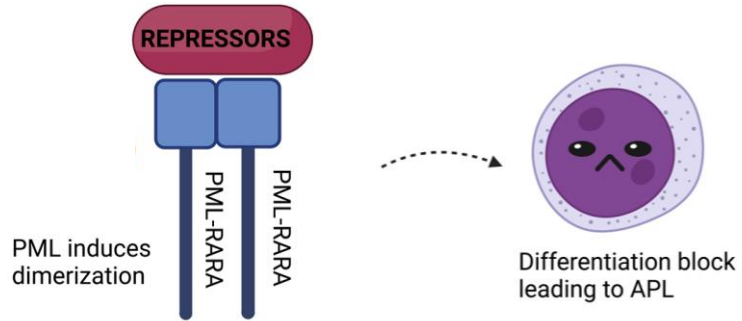
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PML: Promyelocytic Leukemia
RARA: Retinoic Acid Receptor Alpha

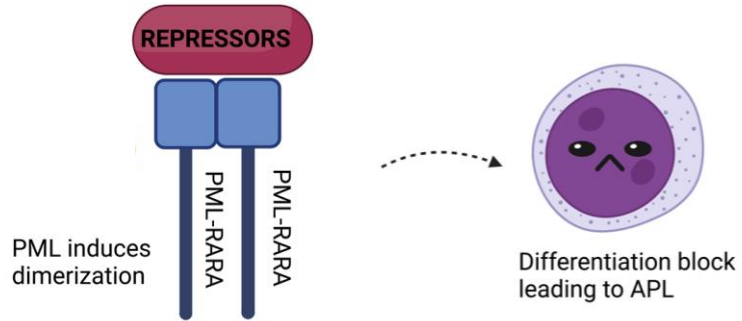


Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia as a model for differentiation therapy

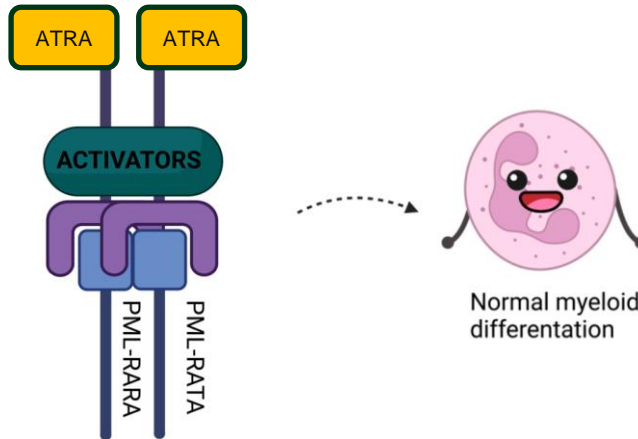


PML: Promyelocytic Leukemia
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Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia as a model for differentiation therapy

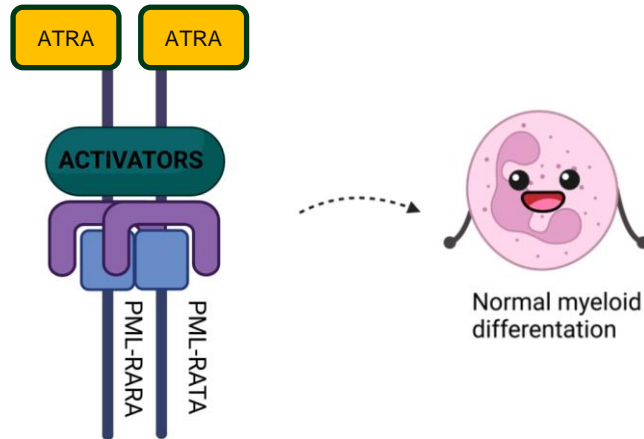
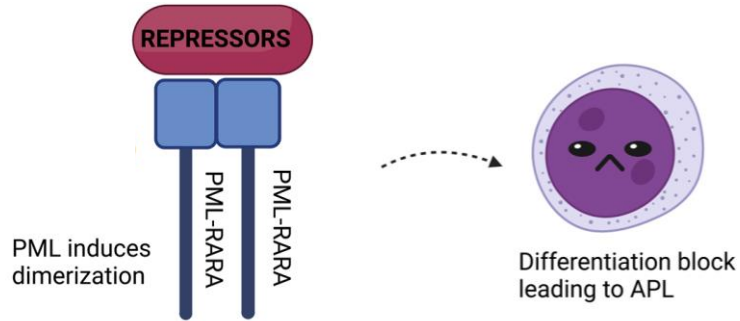


Differentiation is a therapeutic strategy



PML: Promyelocytic Leukemia
RARA: Retinoic Acid Receptor Alpha

Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia as a model for differentiation therapy

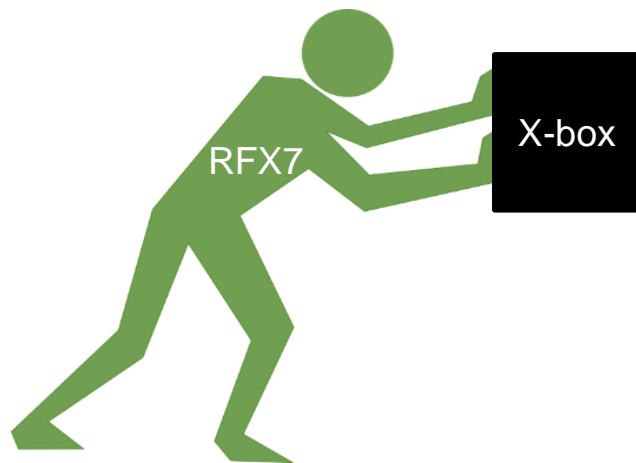


Differentiation is a therapeutic strategy



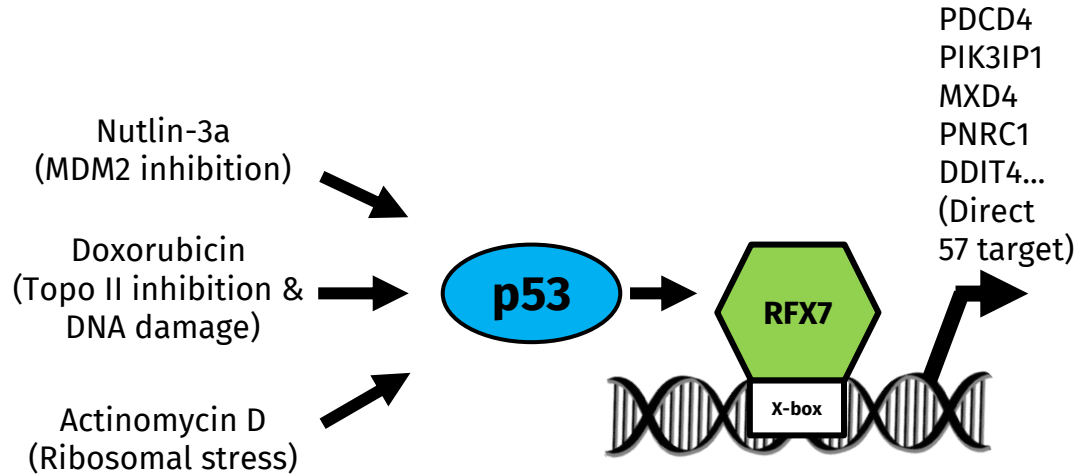
How can we transfer the success of ATRA to other types of AML?

PML: Promyelocytic Leukemia
RARA: Retinoic Acid Receptor Alpha

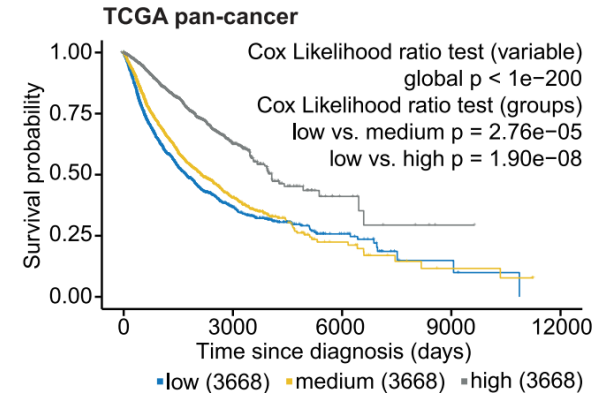
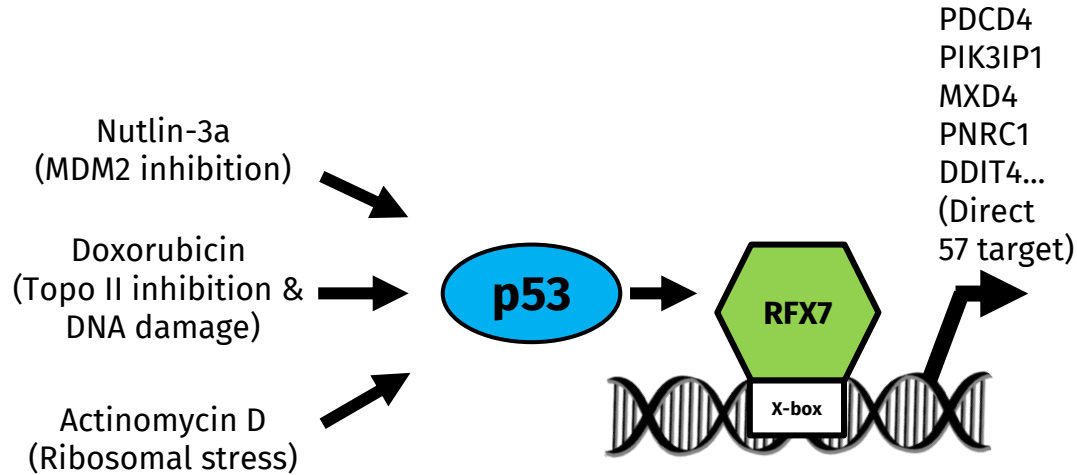


Regulatory Factor X7

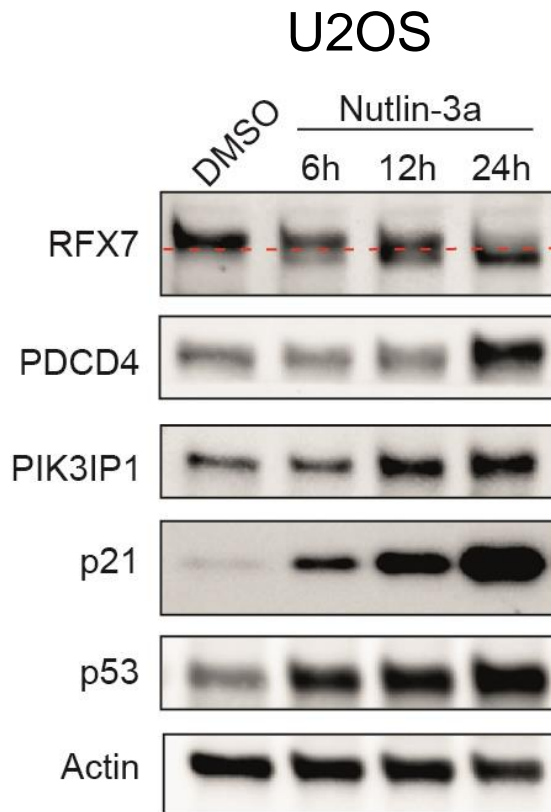
- A transcription factor that binds DNA through **X-box** motif
- Activated by p53 (**Coronel et al. 2021**)
- Tumor suppressor (**Weber et al. 2019, Coronel et al. 2021**)
- Plays potential role in neuronal development (**Schwab et al. 2023**)



PDCD4: Programmed cell death 4
PIK3IP1: Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase interacting protein 1
MXD4: Max interacting transcriptional repressor
PNRC1: Proline rich nuclear receptor coactivator 1
RFX5: Regulatory Factor X5

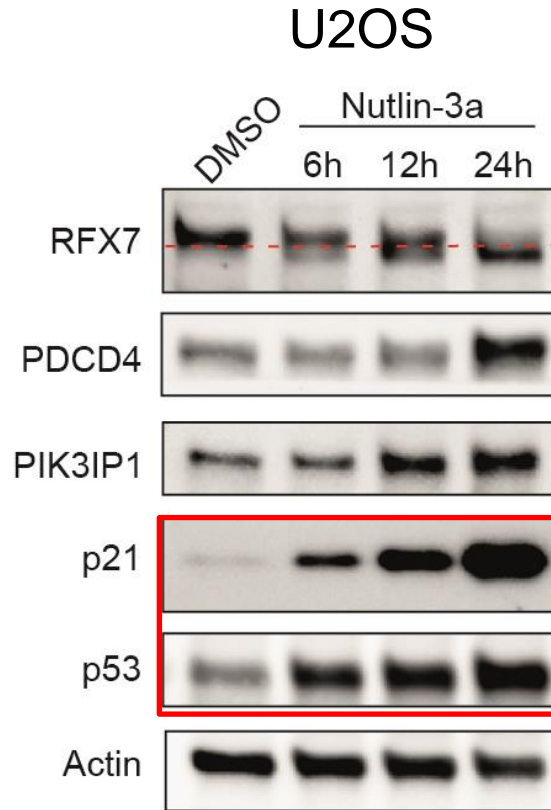


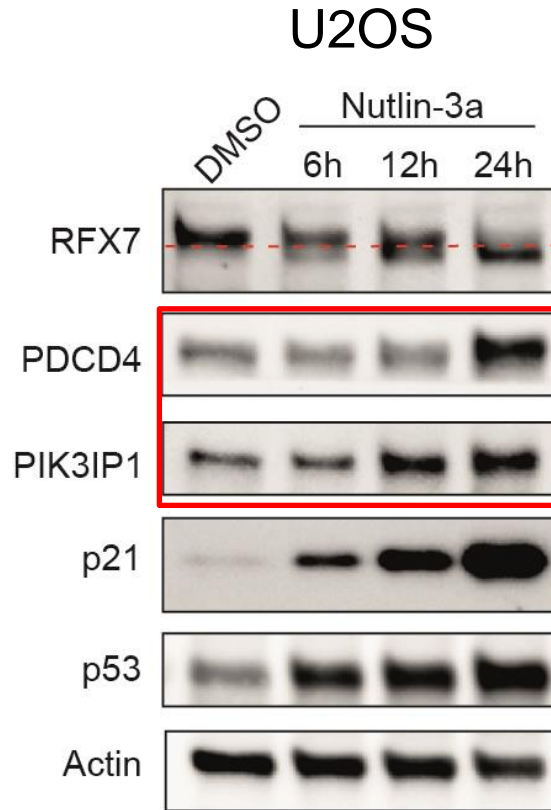
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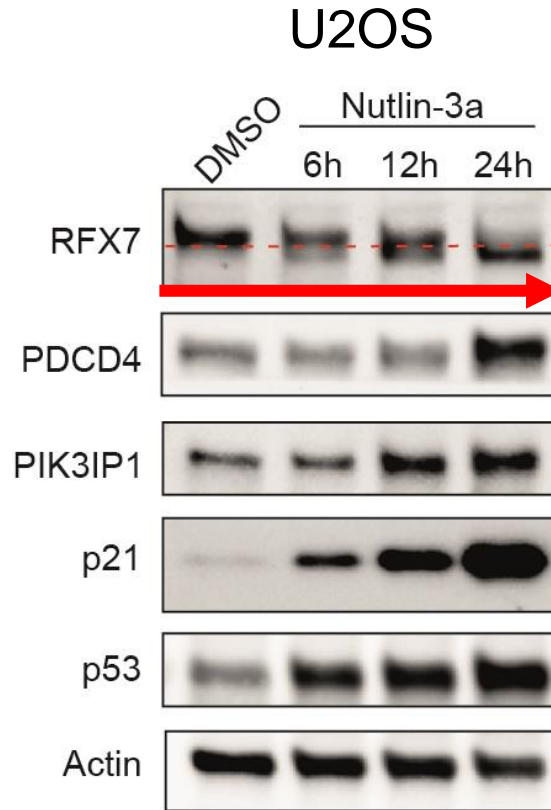


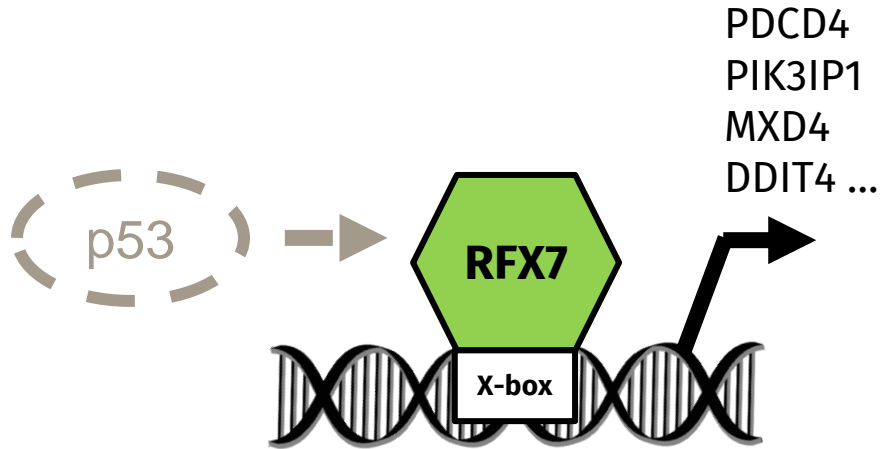
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PIK3IP1: Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase interacting protein 1

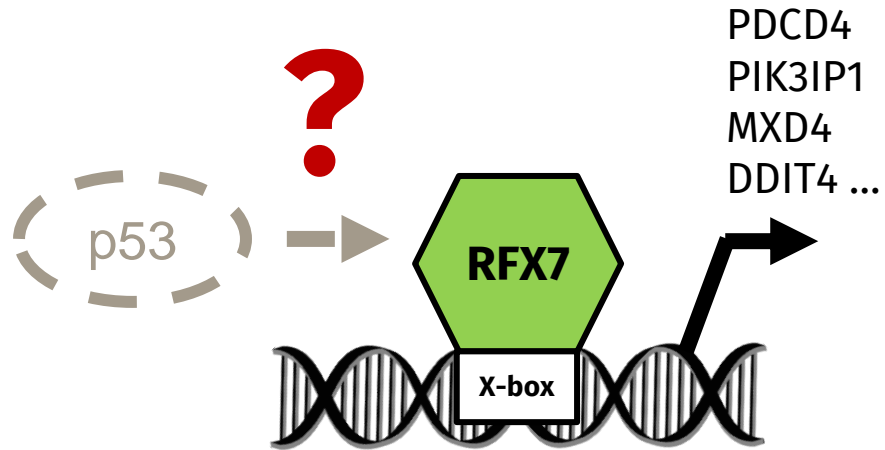




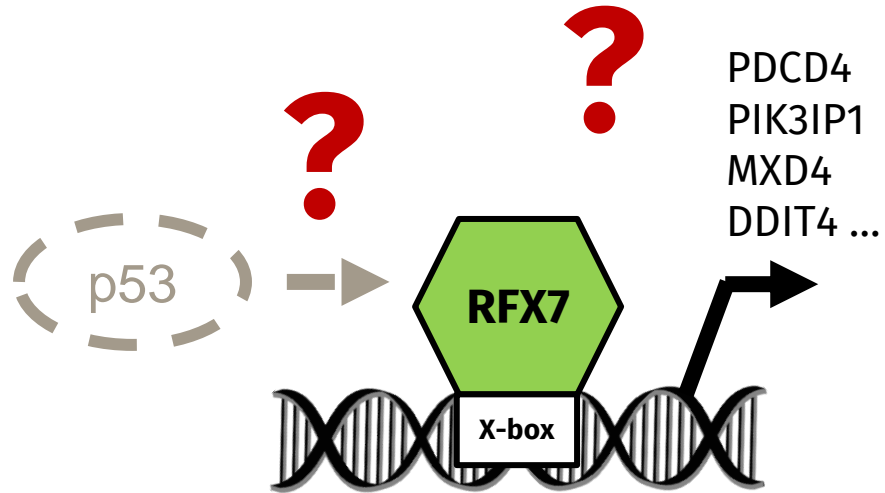




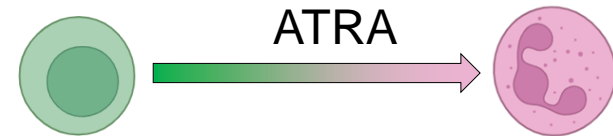
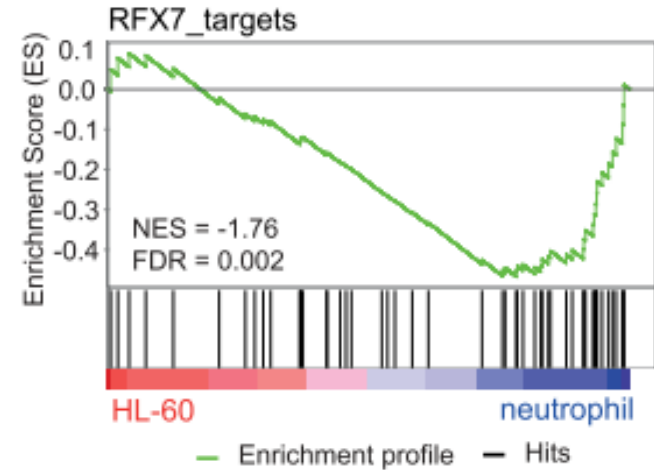
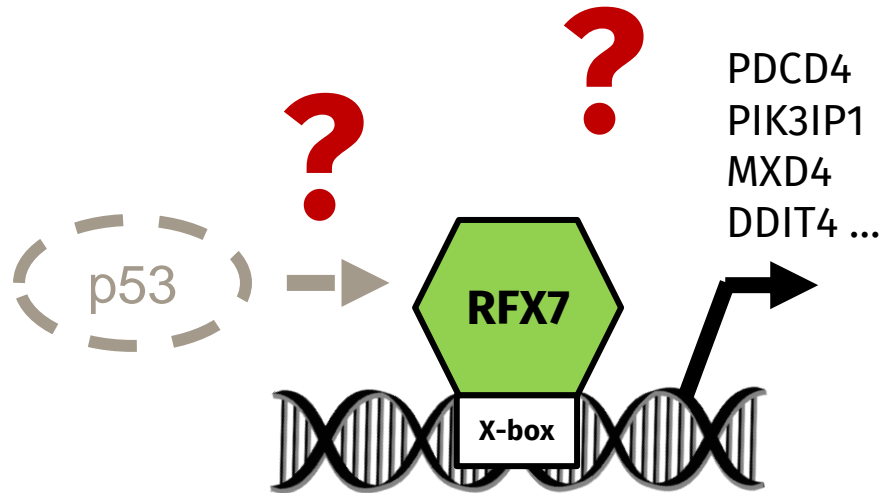
PDCD4: Programmed cell death 4
PIK3IP1: Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase interacting protein 1
MXD4: Max interacting transcriptional repressor
DDIT4: DNA-damage-inducible transcript 4



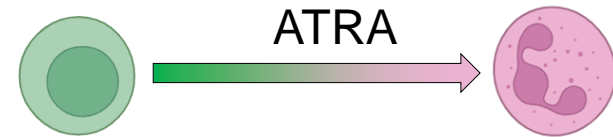
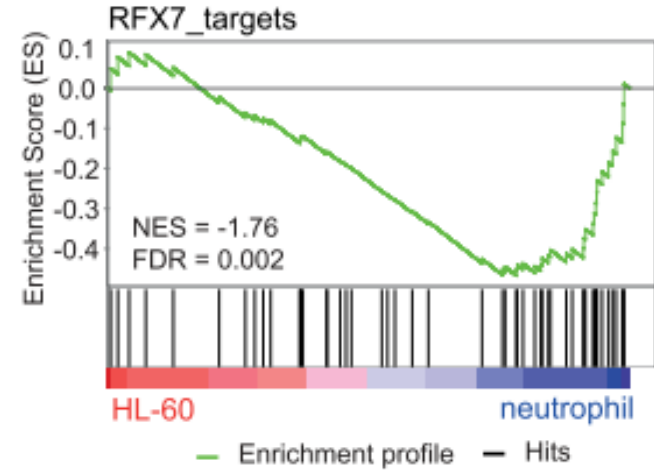
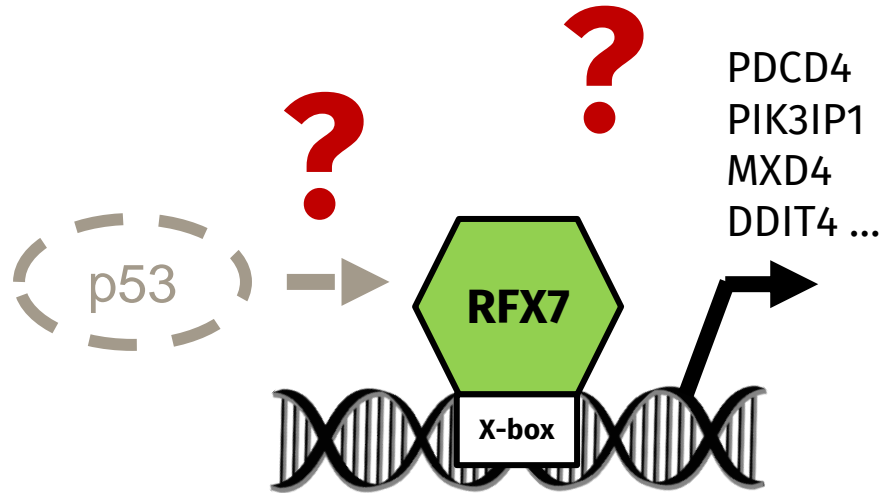
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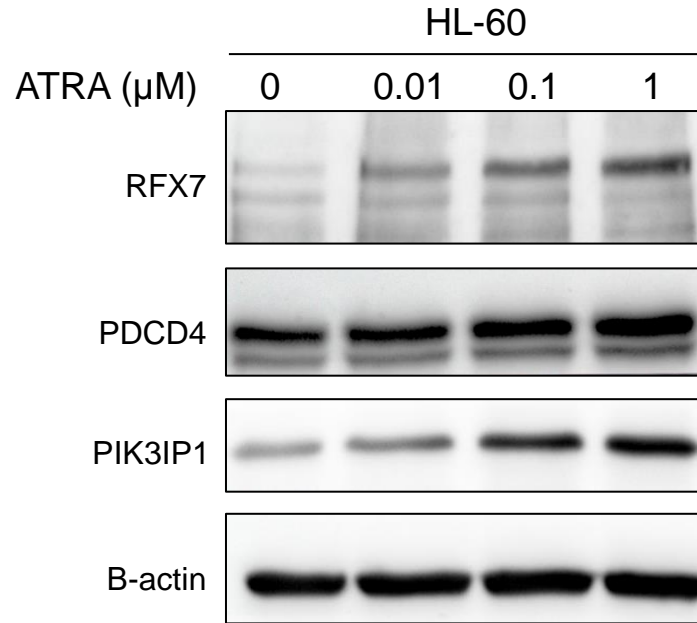


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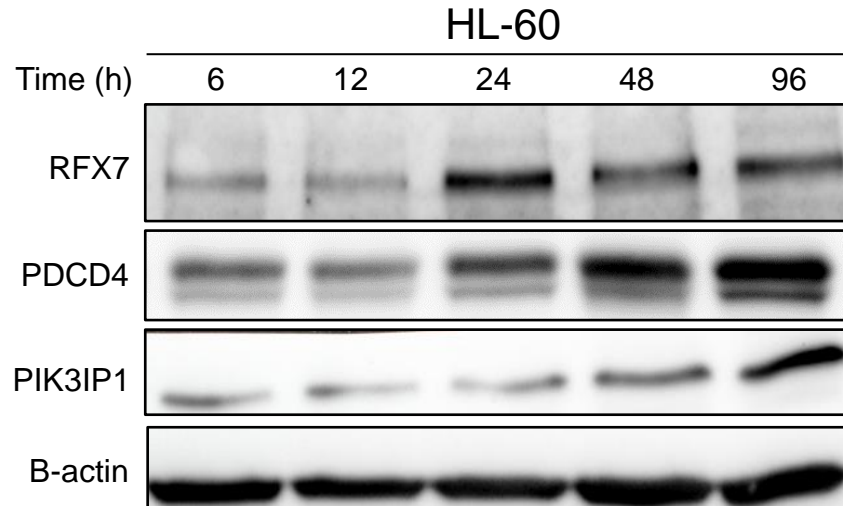
RFX7 signaling is activated in response to ATRA



HL-60 cells were treated with different doses of ATRA for 48h.

PDCD4: Programmed cell death 4

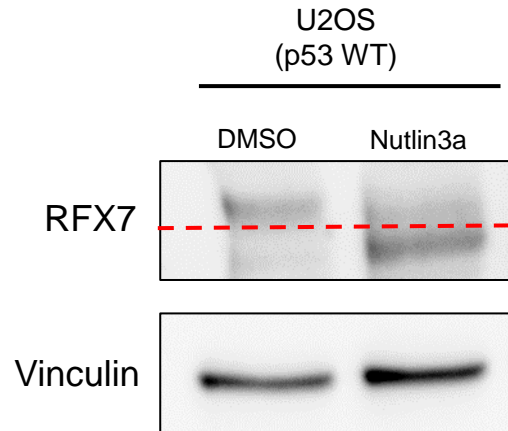
PIK3IP1: Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase interacting protein 1



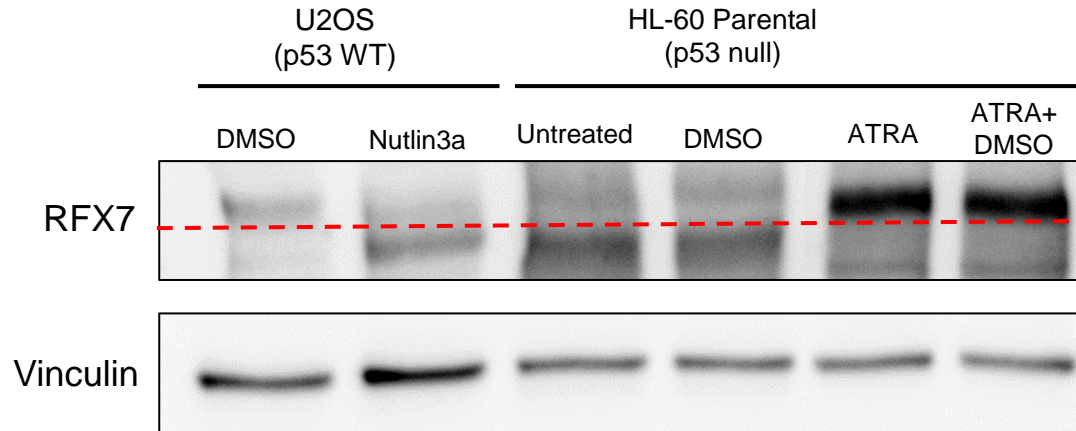
HL-60 cells were treated with 1 μ M ATRA for different time points.

PDCD4: Programmed cell death 4

PIK3IP1: Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase interacting protein 1

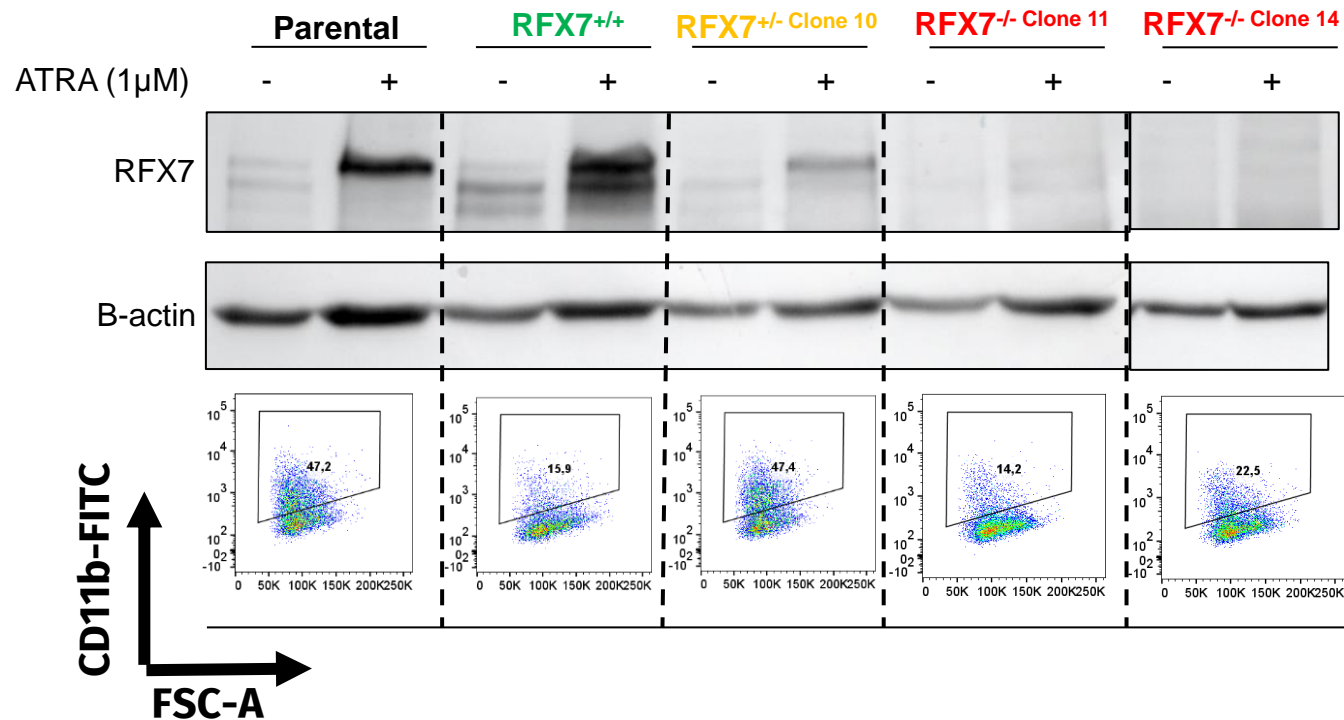


U2OS cells were treated with DMSO or Nutlin3a for 24h; HL-60 cells were treated with 0.05% DMSO or 1 μ M ATRA for 48h.



U2OS cells were treated with DMSO or Nutlin3a for 24h; HL-60 cells were treated with 0.05% DMSO or 1 μ M ATRA for 48h.

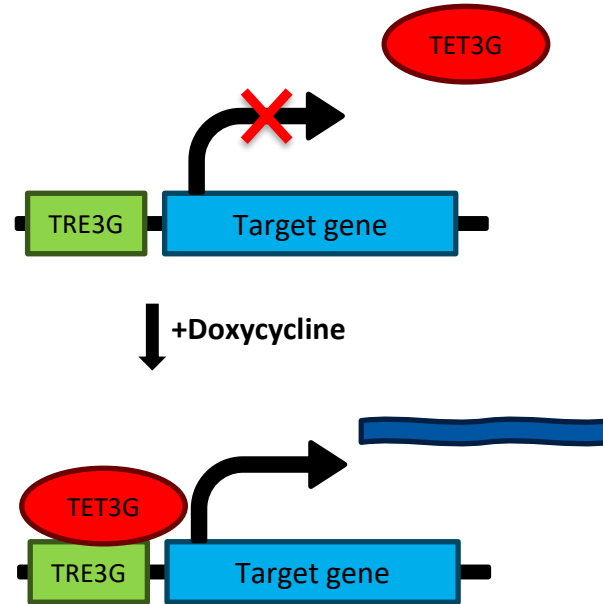
Assessment of ATRA reponse in RFX7 knockout Cells



CD11b: Integrin alpha M (Marker for myeloid differentiation)

Cells were treated with 1 μ M ATRA for t=72h for differentiation analysis and t=48h with for Western Blot

Tet-On System



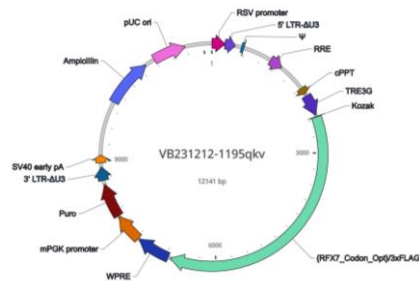
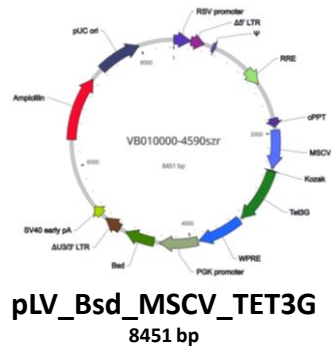
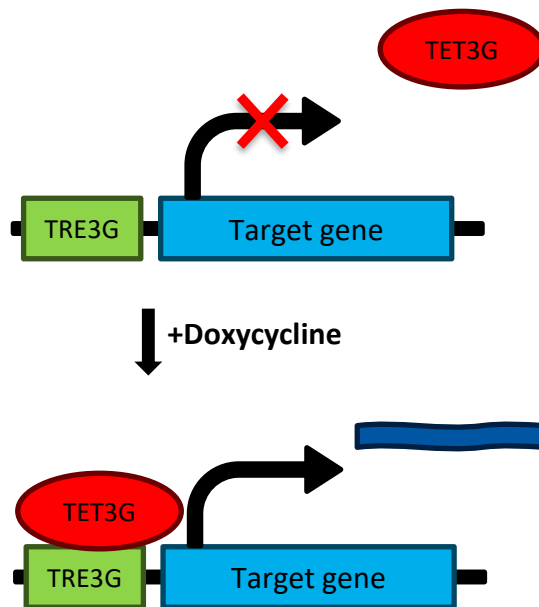
TET3G: Reverse tetracycline-controlled transactivator

TRE3G: Tetracycline responsive promoter



To overexpress or not to overexpress?

Tet-On System

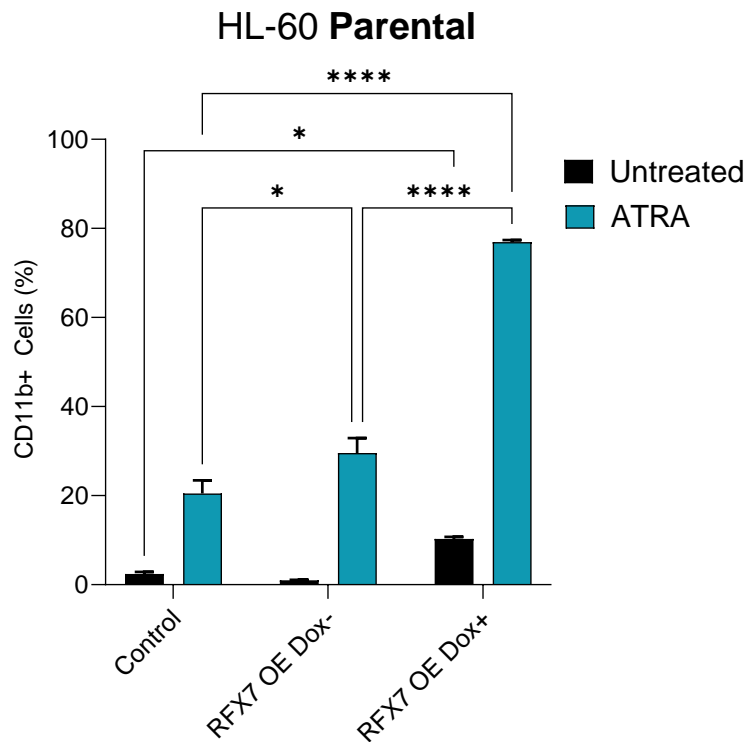
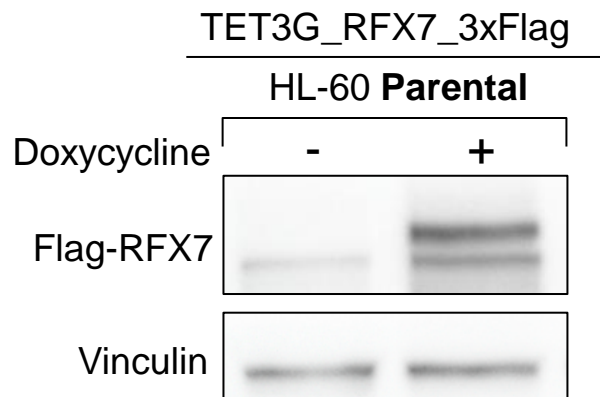


pLV_Puro_TRE3G_hRFX7[Codon Optimized]3xFlag
12141 bp

TET3G: Reverse tetracycline-controlled transactivator
TRE3G: Tetracycline responsive promoter



Over-expression of RFX7 augments the differentiation response of HL-60



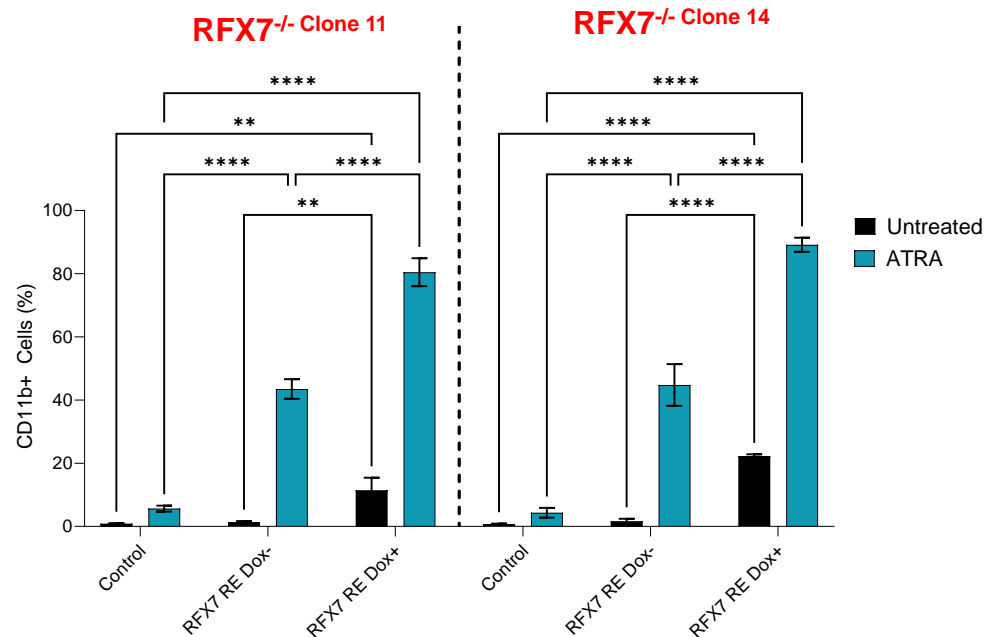
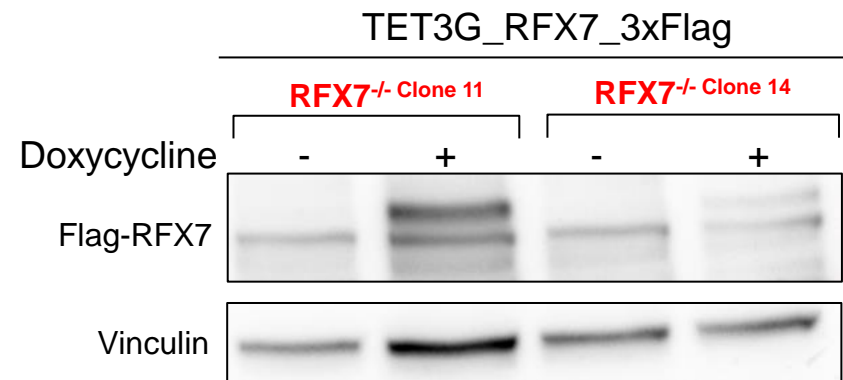
Cells were treated with 0.1 μ M ATRA for t=72h for differentiation analysis and t=24h with Doxycycline for Western Blot

Two-way ANOVA, 3 independent experiments
p values: * ≤ 0.05 , ** ≤ 0.01 , *** ≤ 0.001 , **** ≤ 0.0001



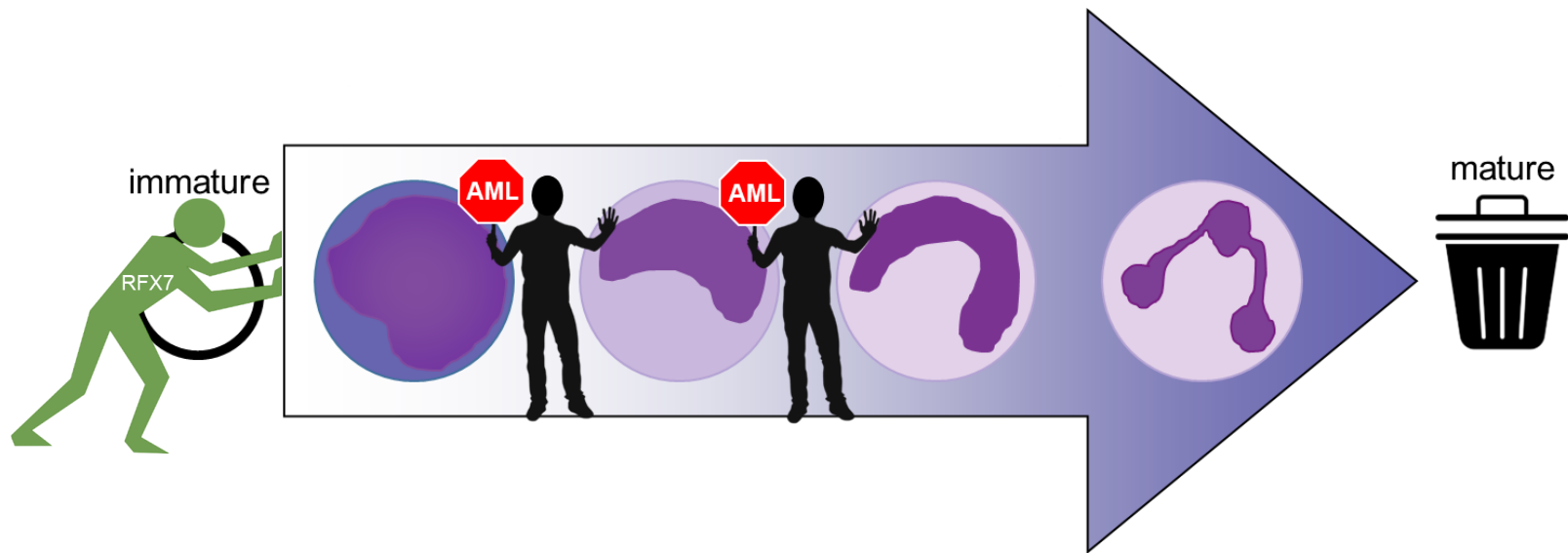
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Re-introduction of RFX7 re-enables the differentiation response



Cells were treated with 0.1 μ M ATRA for t=72h for differentiation analysis and t=24h with Doxycycline for Western Blot

Two-way ANOVA, 3 independent experiments
p values: * ≤ 0.05 , ** ≤ 0.01 , *** ≤ 0.001 , **** ≤ 0.0001



Our results suggest a role for p53-independent RFX7 signaling in ATRA induced differentiation response in AML.

Computational Biology of Aging

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abcam

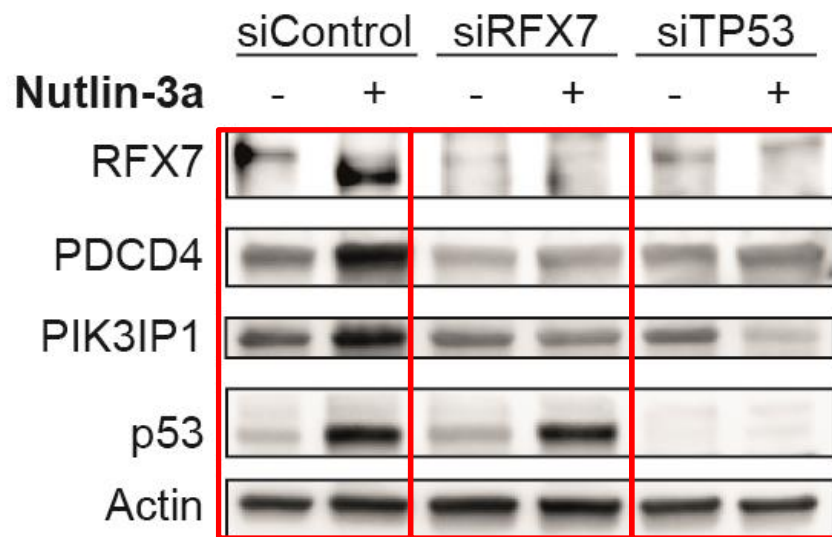
BACK UP SLIDES





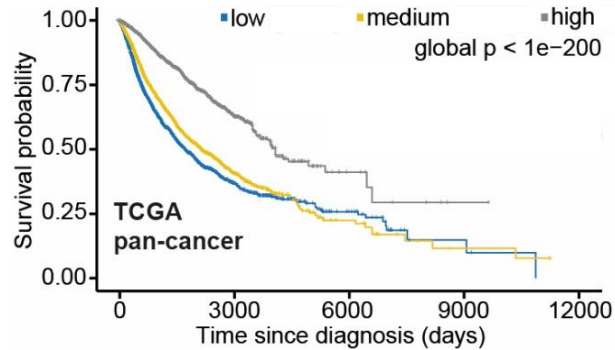
RFX7 is at the downstream of p53

U2OS

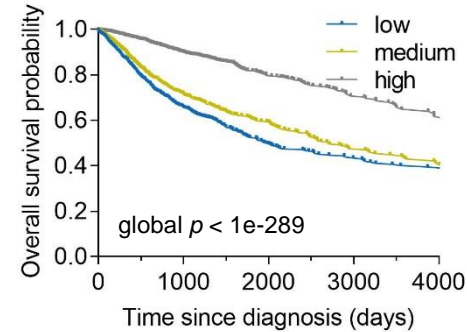


RFX7 target gene expression in cancer

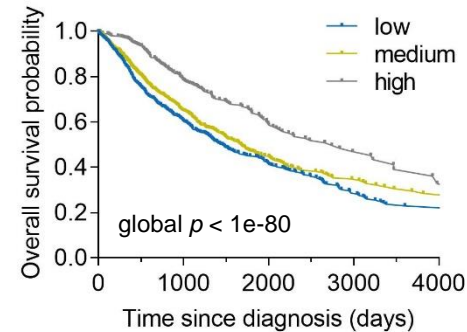
- RFX7 target gene expression correlates with good prognosis across the TCGA pan-cancer cohort and in 11 out of 33 individual cancer types



p53 wild-type

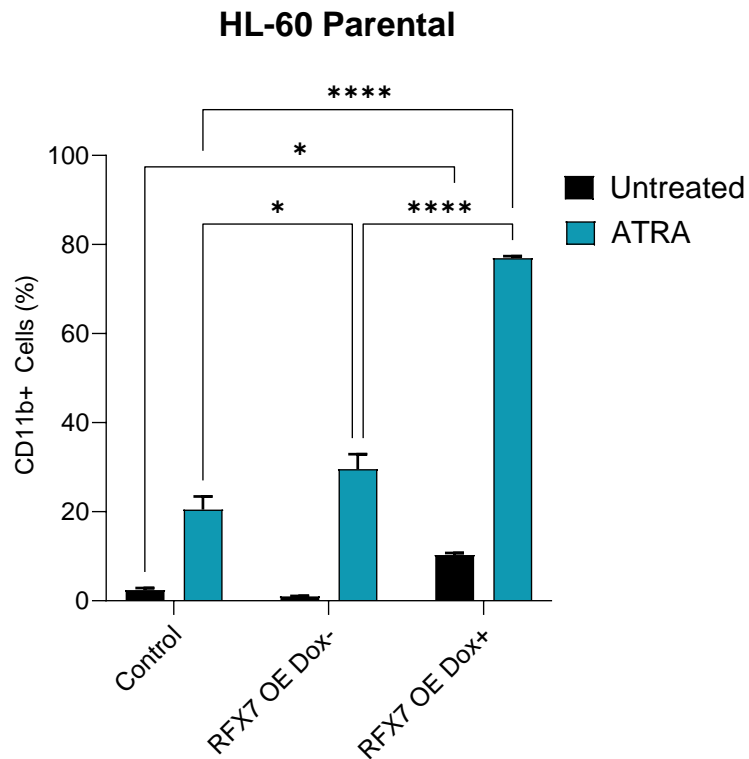
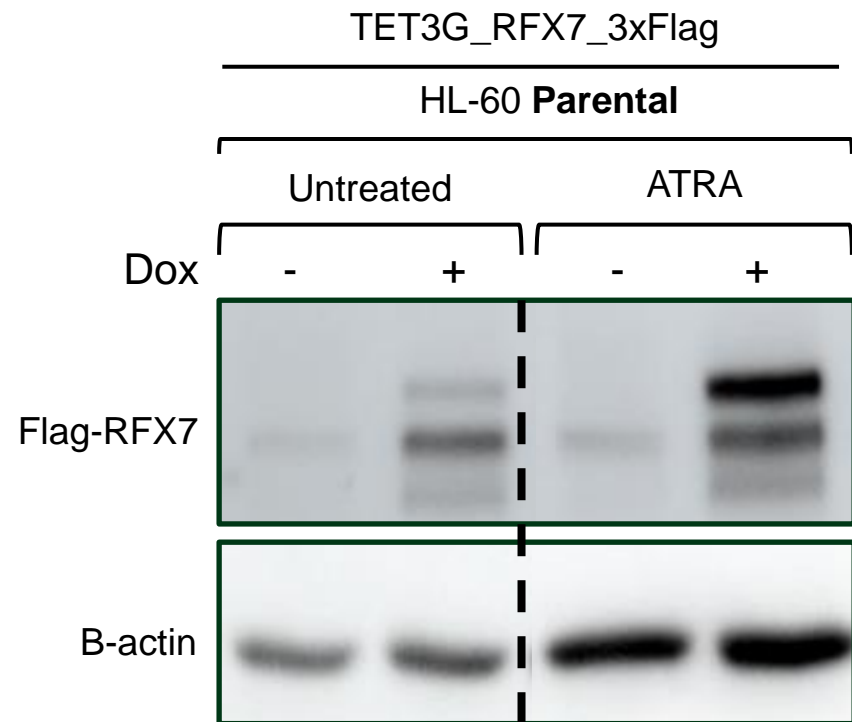


p53 mutant





Over-expression of RFX7 augments the differentiation response of HL-60



Cells were treated with 0.1 μ M ATRA for t=72h for differentiation analysis and t=24h with Doxycycline for Western Blot

Two-way ANOVA, 3 independent experiments
p values: * ≤ 0.05 , ** ≤ 0.01 , *** ≤ 0.001 , **** ≤ 0.0001

**fli**

Re-introduction of RFX7 re-enables the differentiation response



Cells were treated with 0.1 μ M ATRA and Doxycycline for 24h Western Blot

